# Caledonian Mercury

No. 12,130. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 20. 1799. PRICE SIXPENCE.


MASONRY.

THE Members of the THISTLE LODGE are requested to attend a meeting of the Lodge, on Monday first the 24th inst. at half past seven o'clock, to celebrate the Festival of ST JOHN THE BAPTIST.

A Military Band will attend.

CARRUBER'S CLOSE, JUNE 20. 1799.

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SURGEONS HALL,

EDINBURGH, 18th JUNE, 1799.

IN presence of the Royal College of Surgeons, appeared Mr ROBERT GILCHRIST, Edinburgh, and being examined on his skill in Anatomy, Surgery, and Pharmacy, was found fully qualified to practise these arts. Extracted by

WILLIAM BALDERSTON, Clk.

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EDINBURGH, 19th JUNE, 1799.

A YOUNG MAN, who can advance just now from L.400 to L.500 Sterling, and in about twelve months hereafter a like sum, will be happy to have a concern in Trade with some Mercantile House. If in Edinburgh or Leith, it will be the more desirable.

Letters addressed to James M'Robin, writer, Drummond Street, Edinburgh, will be attended to.

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FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED POUNDS WANTED.

WANTED at Lammas next, 4600l. upon a transfer of an undoubted heritable security, over an estate within 30 miles of Edinburgh, rented at nearly 1000l. per annum.

Collateral security will be given for the punctual payment of the interest annually in Edinburgh.

Enquire at James Stormonth, writer, No.18. North Hanover Street.

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IF DAVID CARRUTHERS and LETITIA his Wife (whose maiden name was ALEXANDER, and a niece of Edward Alexander, late of Tower Street, London, plumber) who resided, in 1784 and 1785, at Wantage, in Berkshire, in the business of a Linen-draper, but soon after went to Scotland, be living, they, or either of them (or if dead) their, or either of their representatives, are desired immediately to write to Mr Robert Gale, Boswell Court, Carry Street, London; and any information respecting them will be duly acknowledged.

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STIRLINGSHIRE INCOME TAX.

THE Commissioners of Appeal for the County of Stirling, hereby intimate to all Persons who shall think themselves aggrieved by any rate or assessment, made by virtue of an act "For granting certain duties upon Income," &c. and intend to appeal therefrom, that such appeals must be made within fourteen days after the assessment is made, and ten days previous notice thereof must be given in writing, to John Murray, writer in Stirling, their clerk, together with a schedule of particulars of Income, according to the form directed in the said act. By order of the Commissioners,

Stirling, June 14, 1799. JOHN MURRAY, Clk.

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BUTTER.

To be SOLD without reserve, to settle a dispute, at the Warehouse of William Allan, Broad Wynd, Leith, on Monday the 24th curt. at 12 o'clock noon,

ABOUT Four Tons IRISH BUTTER, very fit for Bakers or the Table.

To be seen as above any day before the sale.

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HIDES.

To be SOLD by public auction, for behoof of Underwriters, at Walker, Thomson, and Co.'s, Leith, on Tuesday the 25th current, at twelve o'clock.

ABOUT Four Hundred and Seventy Buenos-Ayres HIDES, saved from the Wreck of the ship Edinburgh Packet, Captain M'Lachlan, from New York.

The Goods (of which a considerable part are sound) are to be viewed at any time previous to the day of sale.

*Leith, June 13. 1799.*

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1799.

THE IRISH STATE LOTTERY begins drawing the 23d of July.

| No. of Prizes. | SCHEME. Value of each. | Total Value. |
|---|---|---|
| 3 of | L.10,000 | L.30,000 |
| 3 — | 5,000 | 15,000 |
| 4 — | 2,000 | 8,000 |
| 5 — | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 10 — | 500 | 5,000 |
| 30 — | 100 | 3,000 |
| 60 — | 50 | 3,000 |
| 8,000 — | 10 | 80,000 |
| 8,115 Prizes. | | L. 149,000 |
| First-drawn ticket | | 500 |
| Ditto, last morning | | 500 |
| 21,885 Blanks. | | |
| 30,000 Tickets. | | L. 150,000 |

Prices, June 15.

Tickets——L. 7 18 0

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Half | L. 4 2 0 | Eighth | L. 1 1 0 |
| Fourth | 2 2 0 | Sixteenth | 0 11 0 |

Part of the capital prizes will be determined as under, viz.

First-drawn 19th day L. 2000
Do. 21st day 5000
Do. 23d day 10,000

TICKETS and SHARES Are now selling at every Licensed Office, and the prizes will be paid as usual on demand.

Persons in the country remitting Post-Office orders, cash by the mail or stage-coachmen, to any Lottery Office of credit, will have tickets or shares sent them on the same terms as if personally present.

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IRISH STATE-LOTTERY,

Begins Drawing on TUESDAY the 23d July 1799.

THE ORIGINAL TICKETS AND SHARES,

*In Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Sixteenths,*

Are Sold and Registered, in variety of Numbers,

—BY—

SCOTT, SMITH, STEIN, & CO.

ROYAL EXCHANGE, EDINBURGH,

Where, in the TWENTY-ONE preceding STATE-LOTTERIES, Many of the Capital Prizes have been sold.

| No *of Prizes.* | SCHEME. *Value.* | *Tot. Val.* |
|---|---|---|
| 3 of | L.10,000 is | L.30,000 |
| 3 — | 5,000 — | 15,000 |
| 4 — | 2,000 — | 8,000 |
| 5 — | 1,000 — | 5,000 |
| 10 — | 500 — | 5,000 |
| 30 — | 100 — | 3,000 |
| 60 — | 50 — | 3,000 |
| 8,000 — | 10 — | 80,000 |
| 8,115 Prizes. | | L.149,000 |
| First drawn Ticket | | 500 |
| First drawn Ticket last morning | | 500 |
| 21,885 Blanks. | | |
| 30,000 Tickets, | | L.150,000 |

Registering 6d. each number.

Correct Numerical and Register Books kept, and Adventurers duly informed of their success.

The PATENT LISTS of each day's drawing of the present and preceding Lotteries will continue to be kept open for the inspection of the Public, and all Lottery Business punctually transacted.

*Part of the above Capitals will be determined as follows, viz.*

The First drawn Ticket on the 19th day L.2,000
The First drawn Ticket on the 21st day 5,000
The First drawn Ticket on the 23d day 10,000

All Prizes sold at this Office will be paid at current value as soon as drawn.

Correspondents at a distance remitting cash, or bills at a short date, may be supplied on the same terms as if personally present.—Letters, post paid, duly answered.—Schemes *gratis*.

N.B.—The Holders of Prizes sold at this Office, in former Lotteries, will receive the value upon sending their tickets.

☞ Insurances on Shipping, Merchandize, and Lives, done as usual.

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TO THE CREDITORS OF WILLIAM TURNBULL, Printer in Edinburgh.

A Meeting of the Creditors of the said WILLIAM TURNBULL is to be held upon Wednesday the 26th curt. at 12 o'clock noon, within John's Coffeehouse, when it is requested that all concerned will attend, and bring along with them their grounds of debt, as measures of importance to the general interest are then to be submitted to them.

*Edinburgh, 19th June, 1799.* Not to be repeated.

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*This Day is published, in 2 vols, Price 7s. sewed,*

THE ARISTOCRAT: A Novel, by the Author of the DEMOCRAT.

The British Critic for March 1799 thus begins the Review of the above Work:

"Even the grave Critic has been much entertained and interested by these agreeable and remarkably well written volumes. It is pleasing enough to turn from the trash which crowds the shelves of circulating libraries, to the elegant amusements of a well-informed and accomplished writer, who, qualified for the highest departments in literature, condescends occasionally to sport in the lower.—There are two heroes in this novel, the object of which is, to exemplify the different effects of private and public education."—They then give an extract of nearly five pages, and conclude by saying, "the tale is full of interest and entertainment."

London: Printed for S. Low, Berwick-street, Soho.

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TO JEWELLERS, &c.

To be SOLD by public sale, in Mr Martin's sale room, South Bridge, to commence on Monday the 24th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, and 6 o'clock afternoon, every day till all is sold,

AN Extensive and Elegant Assortment of VALUABLE JEWELLERY, &c. consisting of gold, silver, and enamelled watches; gold and enamelled seals; chains and watch keys; gold rings; necklaces and bracelets, set with diamonds and brilliants; gold and enamelled lockets; ear-rings and shirt buckles; gold mounted snuff boxes; diamond urns; rose clusters, with hair set with brilliants; gold necklaces; gold and pearl top ear-rings; gold eye glasses; amythyst and diamond pins; silver and gilt belts and crescents; sets Nelson's feathers; set girdle and knee buckles; diamond and cut hoops; toothpick cases; silver seals, buckles, thimbles, and spoons; garnet fillets; girdle buckles; a rich ivory rouge box; a box of antique stones; elegant knives and forks tipped with silver, &c.

Catalogues of each day's sale will be delivered at the sale room, by A. MALCOLM, Vendue Master.

EDINBURGH, 18th June, 1799.

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*Office of Commercial Commissioners for the City of Edinburgh and its Liberties.*

North East Corner of the Royal Exchange—13th June, 1799.

ATTENDANCE will continue to be given at this Office, every lawful day, between the hours of twelve and four, (with exception of Saturday) for receiving sealed statements of INCOME from those engaged in trade or manufacture, or from public bodies, &c. within the City or County of Edinburgh, who incline to take the option of being assessed by these Commissioners, in terms of law.

As at the time such statements are delivered, certificates are given by the Commissioners, or their Secretary, containing private marks by which the assessments are afterwards to be made, they think it their duty to recommend the statements of Income to be brought here by the persons interested, or to be sent by a confidential clerk.

By order of the Commercial Commissioners,

WILLIAM INGLIS, Sec.

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TO BE SOLD.

THE HOUSE, COACH HOUSE, and Offices upon the north side of George's Square, Edinburgh, which belonged to and were possessed by the Right Honourable Robert M'Queen of Braxfield, late Lord Justice Clerk.

The purchaser may have immediate access to the house, which will be shewn every forenoon between the hours of 12 and 3 by the servants.

The title-deeds are in the hands of James Marshall, W. S. to whom intended purchasers may apply.

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PORT-SETON HOUSE IN EAST LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be LET, unfurnished, for four or more years as can be agreed upon, and entered to immediately,

THE said HOUSE of PORT-SETON, consisting of a large kitchen, with a water-pipe and scullery, housekeeper's room and lobby off the same, dining-room and drawing-room, with closets off both, four bed-rooms, and closets off the same, one of which is a bed-closet, garrets fitted up with beds for servants, a large cellar fitted up with catacombs, milk-house, hen-house, washing-house, coach-house, and stable with hayloft and byre—Also about 3 roods of ground round the house, well inclosed with stone and lime dyke. The tenant to pay all the taxes.

The house lies about nine miles from Edinburgh, about seven from Haddington, one from Tranent, and one from Prestonpans; from which last town a stage coach goes to Edinburgh, and returns every lawful day, and there are good markets in the immediate neighbourhood of the place.

The tenant may be accommodated with one or two grass parks contiguous to the house.

Also to be LET for four or more years,

The HARBOUR-DUES of Port-Seton.

For further particulars apply to James Mitchel, factor to the Earl of Wemyss, at Haddington.

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HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. IN ALLOA.

To be SOLD by Public roup, on Wednesday the 26th day of June 1799, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon,

LOT I.—THAT HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES in the Town of Alloa, lately possessed by Philip Loch, Esq. Collector of Customs there, at present under lease to the Commissioners of the Customs till the year 1803, at 25l. per annum, and occupied as the Custom-House of the port of Alloa.

The House consists of two rooms, used as the Custom-House, another room, kitchen and back kitchen, on the first floor—dining-room, drawing-room, and four bed-rooms on the second floor—and four rooms on the attic floor;—with a wine cellar, with catacombs; another called the Custom-House Cellar. Chaise-house, and stable of three stalls, and other conveniencies.—The garden and back court contain about half an acre, and is surrounded with a good wall, which is covered with fruit trees of the best kinds.

LOT II.—A MALT BARN, KILN, and LOFTS, &c. presently occupied by Mr Morrison, at 14l. per annum. A Garden of about a quarter of an acre immediately behind the Malt Barn is intended to go with this Lot.

The whole subjects are pleasantly situated and lie contigue, and may be exposed in one or two Lots, as above described, as offerers incline. They hold feu of the family of Mar for payment of 8s. 10d. Sterling yearly.

The titles and plan of the subjects will be shewn by Charles Steuart, writer to the signet.

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TO BE LET,

For such a number of years as can be agreed on, from the 6th day of October last,

THE Level-free COLLIERY of BLAIRNGONE, and the adjoining COAL in the lands of Easter Dollarbeg, all belonging to his Grace the Duke of Atholl, situated along the water of Devon, at the west corner of the county of Fife, being six computed miles from Dumfermline, Kinross, Dumblane, and Stirling, and still less distance from Clackmannan and Alloa. This being the nearest Colliery for supplying Strathern, and other populous parts of the country, a very extensive sale may be expected.

The tacksman of the Coal may have the small Farm of Blairngone, and also the Coal-master's House, with the garden and offices or not, as most convenient.

Offerers will adapt their proposals to the different ways in which they would incline to work the Coal, and proportion the rent accordingly.

This Coal having been repeatedly advertised before, an offer has been made for the same, which will be accepted of if no higher rent is offered betwixt and the 12th July next.

Proposals in writing may be transmitted to John Buchan, accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee for the Creditors of Hugh Campbell, the late tacksman of Blairngone Coal, or to Roger Aytoun, W. S. with either of whom Mr Campbell's Creditors are requested immediately to lodge their grounds of debt and oaths of verity thereon.

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*NEW HABERDASHERY SHOP,*

DANIEL MILLER, JUN.

No. 47. South Bridge Street, opposite Adams Square,

EDINBURGH,

WITH gratitude for the past favours of his Friends and the Public, respectfully solicits their attention to an entire New Assortment of LINEN DRAPERY and HABERDASHERY GOODS, with which he has just opened the above Shop, consisting of every article in the line, fanciful and useful, that is new and fashionable.

The limits of an Advertisement will not admit an enumeration of the whole, but the following are worthy of particular notice:

PRINTED CALLICOES from 1s. 4d. to 4s. 6d. per yard.
LONDON PRINTED MUSLINS from 2s. 6d. to 5s. per yard.
CORDED DIMITTIES of a Superior Quality, remarkably cheap.
INDIA and BRITISH MUSLINS of every description.
Variety of Beautiful Long Cloths, and Cambric Muslins for Ladies Dresses.
Plain and Fancy Silk Handkerchiefs.
Beautiful Black Gauze Cloaks, quite new patterns.
Black Patent Cloaks and Veils.
Rich Black Modes, Laces, and Thread Edgings.
Fancy Straw Hats, Bonnets and Flowers, in great variety.

MILLINERY WORK done from the most approved London Patterns, which are regularly supplied by one of the first Milliners in the Metropolis.

D. MILLER having personally selected the whole with the utmost care from the first manufacturers in Great Britain, on the most advantageous terms, he is confident of being able to serve his customers equally well with any in the Trade, so as to insure a continuance of their favours, which it shall always be his study to merit.

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SALE OF HABERDASHERY GOODS.

There is to be exposed to sale by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Monday the first day of July 1799, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE WHOLE STOCK of HABERDASHERY GOODS which belonged to Miss Margaret Morrison, milliner in Edinburgh. The Goods, with an inventory thereof, and the conditions of sale, are to be seen at the shop of Mr Angus Macdonald, No. 7, South Bridge Street.

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THEATRE ROYAL, EDINBURGH, AND THEATRE OF GLASGOW.

To be SOLD by public auction, by the trustees on Mr Jackson's sequestrated estate, on Wednesday the 10th day of July next, within John's Coffeehouse, in Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE THEATRE ROYAL of Edinburgh, and THEATRE of Glasgow, with the Wardrobe, Scenery, Machinery, and Whole Appurtenances thereto belonging, with Mr Jackson's right and interest in the Royal Patent for performing plays in Edinburgh, as at present rented by Stephen Kemble, Esq. for payment of 925l. Sterling yearly to the trustees, and 200l. Sterling yearly to the former lessee. To be exposed in one lot, at the sum of 8000l. Sterling, besides being burdened with payment of the interest of 25 shares of 100l. each, raised by Mr Ross the first Patentee, for defraying the expence of the building, 22 of which shares bear 3 per cent. interest, with free admission to all performances; and three are at 5 per cent. interest, without any such admission.

Persons wanting farther information, may apply to Robert. Playfair, writer, Brodie's Buildings, Canongate, Edinburgh, one of the trustees, in whose hands are the title deeds, and articles of roup, copies of which are also in the hands of Alexander Mundell, Esq. solicitor, No. 1, Robert Street Adelphi, London.

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FARMS IN THE COUNTY OF FIFE.

To be LET, for Nineteen Years from Martinmas 1799,

THE FARM of ATHERNEY MAINS and BANKHEAD, containing 170 Scots acres or thereby, and the Farm of BLACKETY SIDE, containing about 120 acres.

These farms lie contiguous; the soil is of good quality, almost all arable, and there is in each farm a proper proportion of strong and light land. They have a south exposure, are situated within two miles of Leven, a sea-port town, and in the immediate neighbourhood of coal.

Offers, in writing, may be given in betwixt and the 20th day of July next, to Mr William Beveridge, W. S. or to Adam Wilson at Largo House. Offers not accepted will be concealed.—The present tenants will shew the farms.

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FARM IN MID-LOTHIAN TO LET.

To be LET for Fourteen Years, and entered to at Martinmas first,

THE FARM of PLOVERHALL, lying in the parish of Lasswade, six miles south-west from Edinburgh, four miles from Dalkeith, and only two from coals and lime. The farm contains about 108 Scots acres, inclosed and subdivided with ditch and hedge, and the great road from Edinburgh to Dumfries passes through it. There is a very substantial dwelling-house and offices, with an excellent garden, situated at a convenient distance from the road. The crop and stocking may be had at a valuation.

For particulars apply to Mr Johnstone at Ploverhall, or John Syme, W. S.

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LANDS, MILLS, AND LIME WORKS,

IN THE COUNTY OF ROXBURGH.

To be LET, for any number of years, and entered to at Whitsunday 1800,

THE LANDS AND BARONY OF HADDON,

| —VIZ.— | *Acres.* |
|---|---|
| West Quarter of Haddon, | 363 |
| Hall Quarter of ditto | 330 |
| East Quarter and Nottylees, | 472 |
| That Part of Wark Common lately set off at the division thereof | 103 |
| The Lime Quarries, with two Draw Kilns, and Land adjacent thereto, | 15 |
| Total, | 1283 |

orthereby, lying in the parish of Sprouston, and will be let jointly or separately.

Alexander Trotter, officer in Haddon, will shew these farms

ALSO,

THE LANDS AND BARONY OF ORMISTON,

| —VIZ.— | *Acres.* |
|---|---|
| Ormiston Mains, | 212 |
| East Side of West Mains, | 214 |
| West Side of ditto, | 116 |
| Ormiston Mill and Mill Lands, | 88 |
| Total, | 630 |

or thereby, lying in the parish of Eckford, and will be let jointly or separately.

The tenants of the barony will shew these farms.

ALSO,

| | *Acres.* |
|---|---|
| DYKES FARM, consisting of or thereby, in the parish of Cavers. | 294 |
| WESTLEES FARM, about in the parish of Hobkirk. | 96 |
| DOVESHAUGH MILL and Mill Lands, in the said parish, and HUNTLAWHILL, about lying in the parish of Bedrule. | 39 |

The forester of Wells will shew these farms.

Application to be made, and proposals in writing for a lease addressed to Mr Elliot at Wells, by Jedburgh.

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TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC ROUP,

Within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday 10th July 1799, between the hours of two and three afternoon,

THAT TIMBER YARD lying at the Back of the Assembly Rooms of LEITH, measuring 50 feet in front from east to west on the north side, and 75 feet on the south side or thereby, and 215 feet in depth from south to north, lately occupied by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy, with the whole Houses, Shades, and Loft built thereon.

Any person wishing for a property in Leith of the above description, will find this one of the most eligible in every respect that can be met with.—Apply to James Gibson, W. S. who will conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

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THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

In 4 Vol.—Price Fourteen Shillings, sewed,

ALBERT;

OR, THE WILDS OF STRATHNAVERN,

BY ELIZABETH HELME,

Author of Louisa, or The Cottage on the Moor; Farmer of Englewood Forest, &c.

London: Printed by and for SAMPSON LOW, Berwick-street, *Of whom may be had,*

1. The Orphan Heiress of Sir Gregory; an Historical Fragment of the last Century, 1 vol. 4s.
2. The Aristocrat: a Novel, by the Author of The Democrat, 2 vols. 7s.
3. Emily Dundorne, 3 vols. 10s. 6d. by Mrs Thompson, Author of Excessive Sensibility, &c.
4. Isidora of Gallicia, by Mrs Hugill, 2 vols. 6s.
5. The Age of Chivalry; or, Friendship of other Times; from the French of Madame Genlis, bound, 2s. 6d.
6. Azemia, a Political Novel, 2d edition, 2 vols. 7s.
7. Theopha, altered from the French by Felix Ellis, Esq. Author of the Norman Banditti, &c. 2 vols. 6s.
8. Marchmont; a Novel, by Charlotte Smith, 4 vols. 16s.
9. The Gentleman's Guide in Money Negociations, 1s.
10. Essays on the Distortion of the Spine, by C. H. Wilkinson, Lecturer of Experimental Philosophy at St Bartholomew's Hospital, price 4s.
11. Minor Morals, for the Instruction of Youth, by Charlotte Smith, Author of Rural Walks, &c. 2 vols nearly bound 4s.
12. Familiar Conversations, for the use of Children, 2 vols 1s.

A new Work, for the Instruction and Entertainment of Youth, BY MRS HELME,

Is in the Press, and speedily will be published.

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BERWICKSHIRE MILITIA.

THE following Persons balloted as Militia-men for the County of Berwick not having come forward to be sworn in and inrolled, nor to provide Substitutes, viz.—

*Parish of Dunse*—William Dods, joiner in Dunse.
John Mitchel, cooper, Dunse.
William Fulton, servant, Manderston Maint.
John Hay, gardener, Manderston.
John Bullman, joiner, Dunse.

*Bunkle*—John Fowler, husbandman, Blanerne, west side.
*Cockburnspath*—John Kinghorn, mason, Cockburnspath.
*Coldingham*—John Murdoch, labourer, Templehall.
*Aytoun*—Alexander Martin, hedger, Catchhalfpenny.
*Eyemouth*—Thomas Purves, weaver in Eyemouth.
*Edrom*—John Whitehead, joiner in Allanton.
*Hutton*—John Melrose, carter in Paxton.
*Coldstream*—Robert Simson, mason, Coldstream.
Thomas Robson, mill-wright, Coldstream.
*Martin*—Walter Turnbull, coachman, Bemerside.
*Legerwood*—James Forfythe, mason, Boonwill.
*Nenthorn*—William More, mill-wright, Nenthorn.
*Eccles*—Robert Lillie, smith, Lambden-brae.
*Fogo*—William Mitchell, servant, Bogend.

And the following persons having been rejected as unfit for service, viz.—

*Dunse*—Peter Turnbull, weaver in Dunse.
*Bunkle*—John Patterson, husbandman, Sligh'shouses.
*Coldstream*—David Young, mason in Coldstream.
*Foulden*—George Walker, husbandman, Greenfields.

The above parishes are therefore required, within one kalendar month from this date, to procure fit and able persons to serve, instead of those above named and designed, otherwise the Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace for this county will, on Friday the 12th day of July next, at twelve o'clock noon, in the Justice of Peace Court-room in Dunse, proceed to ballot for others in their places, from the original lists. It is therefore the interest of the different parishes to apprehend those persons who have not yet appeared, to prevent the ballot from falling on those whose names still remain undrawn. HOME, Lieu.

Dunse, June 10. 1799. JOHN TURNBULL, Clerk.

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LANDS AND COAL IN THE IMMEDIATE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF EDINBURGH.

To be SOLD,

ALL and Whole the Estate called DRUM, situated within three miles of Edinburgh, and one of Dalkeith.

The estate comprizes about 630 English acres. It lies compactly together, is well inclosed and subdivided, and abounds in game. The present rent of the estate, exclusive of the lawn, deer park, and other inclosures, with the Gardens and Planting around the House, is 1182l. 6s. 7d. to which is to be added 27l. 5s. 4d. of feu duties. The yearly value of the Coal has not been accurately ascertained, but is estimated at 1000l. per annum.

From its situation, the estate is capable of great improvement; it lies between the two branches of one great road leading to Dalkeith and Lasswade, from its vicinity to which, and to Edinburgh, it commands an abundant supply of manure, and secures the best markets. Its vicinity to Edinburgh also renders the coal particularly valuable, the mean distance not exceeding four miles. There is a most excellent House upon the estate, recently repaired in a sumptuous manner, a new set of Stables, with stalls for fifteen horses, and Coach-houses for four carriages, and new Entrance Lodges have been built within these three years.—There are about 30 acres of fine old trees around the house, which, exclusive of their ornamental value, are estimated to be worth about five thousand pounds; and upon the whole, whether for beauty or improvement, this is one of the most desirable estates ever offered to sale.

The whole estate, with the coal, will be sold by private agreement in one lot; or the Mansion-house, Offices, Gardens, and Planting, with the inclosures around the house, comprising about 226 English acres, with the various seams of Coal lying under them, will be sold by private agreement. If the whole estate, or this part thereof, shall not be sold by private agreement, then the estate will be exposed to public auction and sale, on Wednesday the 14th day of August next, in the following manner:

LOT 1st. Comprising the MANSION-HOUSE, OFFICES, GARDENS, and PLANTING, with Fourteen Inclosures surrounding the house, containing about 226 English acres. Under this lot there are numerous Edge Seams of Coal, and, among others, there are six particularly valuable, viz. the Great, the Stairhead, Gillespie, Carlton, Corbie-craig, and Blue Coal Seams. If this lot shall be sold, then there will be exposed to sale,

LOT 2d. Comprising TWO INCLOSURES, lying immediately to the north of lot 1st, consisting of 24 English acres.—Under this lot there is also a valuable Seam of Coal, called *the North Green*, and a Lime Quarry let at 86l. per annum, included in the above rental. If these two lots shall be sold, then there will be exposed to sale, in several lots, as may afterwards be determined upon, the whole of the estate lying to the south of lot 1st, running towards Dalkeith, with the valuable Seams of Coal called *the Jewel* and *Diamond*, of which that under 20 acres of this part of the estate is supposed to be yet totally unwrought; and it is calculated that this coal is in such a situation as to yield one clear fourth to the proprietor. And, in one or more lots, the REMAINDER of the ESTATE, lying to the north of lot 2d, being that part of the Estate which is nearest to Edinburgh, called *the Fernyside Farm*.

An engraved plan of the estate is in the hands of Mr Charles Fozard at the Drum, and Richard Dallow, No. 1, Charles Street, Grosvenor Square, London; to either of whom intending purchasers may apply for copies and farther particulars, and by whom all letters, post paid, will be punctually answered.

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SALE OF THE LANDS OF HAGTONHILL, RENFREWSHIRE.

To be SOLD,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of HAGTONHILL, with the Teinds and Pertinents, lying in the parish of Cathcart and shire of Renfrew.

These lands consist of 130 acres Scotch, or 156 English acres, all arable, excepting about 6 acres of planting, chiefly a clay soil, of excellent quality, and in good order, inclosed and subdivided, and under improved cultivation. They afford a Freehold Qualification upon the valued rent. The leases are voidable by the entry of a purchaser. They are beautifully and advantageously situated upon the banks of the river Cart, about three miles south-west from Glasgow, and contain freestone, lime, and coal. Upon the river Cart there is a fall of about 16 feet, called the *Linn*; and as there is a good supply of water, it may be rendered capable of working the heaviest machinery—So that this property affords a situation singularly desirable and advantageous, both for farmers and manufacturers.

A purchaser may be accommodated with 50 or 60 acres of good ground from the property on the opposite side of the river, contiguous to Hagtonhill on the west.

The premises will be either sold together, or feued out in small lots of from 5 to 25 acres, for payment of an annual feu duty, or of the value upon entry, as may be most agreeable to purchasers.

For further particulars application may be made to Mr James Drummond, W. S. Edinburgh, or Messrs John and David Lang, writers, Glasgow.

LONDON GAZETTE—June 15.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—June 15.

Extract of a Letter from Admiral the Earl of ST VINCENT, K. B. Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the Mediterranean, to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated Gibraltar, 27th April, 1799.

SIR,

HEREWITH I transmit you, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the copy of a letter from the Right Honorable Lord Mark Robert Kerr, Captain of his Majesty's ship Cormorant, to Rear Admiral Duckworth, giving an account of the capture of a Spanish corvette.

Thursday, 19th March, 1799, Colombrettes, W. N. W. 7 Leagues.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, that having parted company with his Majesty's ship Centaur on the 16th instant, in chace of a Spanish frigate, I proceeded to the rendezvouse; and on the 19th, perceiving a brig to leeward, I gave chase, and after four hours brought her too.

She proved to be a Spanish brig of war, named El Vincelo, mounting eighteen six-pounders on her gun-deck, and six brass four-pounders on her quarter-deck, and two on her forecastle, and having one hundred and forty-four men on board. During her chase she threw six of her six-pounders overboard.

I have the honour to be, &c. &c. M. R. KERR.

*J. T. Duckworth, Commodore, &c. &c. &c.*

Copy of a Letter from Admiral KINGSMILL, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels at Cork, to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated on board the Polyphemus, Cork Harbour, the 8th of June 1799.

PLEASE to lay before my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty the inclosed letter, which I have received from Captain Twysden, of his Majesty's ship La Revolutionnaire, informing me of his having captured Le Victoire French brig privateer, from Bayonne. This prize arrived here yesterday, was captured in latitude 48 deg. 30 min. and 19 deg. longitude west, and left La Revolutionnaire going in quest of a large ship privateer, which she had gained information of.

His Majesty's ship Revolutionnaire, at sea, 30th May, 1799.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, that this evening, after a chace of eight hours, his Majesty's ship under my command captured Le Victoire French brig privateer, mounting sixteen nine-pounders, and one hundred and sixty men; out nine days from Bayonne; fitted for a three months cruize, but had not taken any thing. Le Victoire is a very fine new vessel, and sails remarkably fast. I have the honour to be, &c.

THO. TWYSDEN.

Copy of a Letter from the Honourable HENRY CURZON, Captain of his Majesty's ship Indefatigable, to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated at sea, the 31st ultimo.

SIR,

I DEG you will inform their Lordships, that I have fallen in with and captured the French privateer brig La Venus, mounting twelve four and two nine pounders, and manned with one hundred and one men, out nine weeks from Rochfort. She had captured the schooner Clarence, from Lisbon, bound to London; and a ship from Lisbon, bound to Hamburgh, laden with salt. I have the honour to be, Sir, &c.

H. CURZON.

WAR-OFFICE—June 15.

*Royal Aberdeenshire Light Infantry Volunteers.*

Serjeant-Major Andrew Affleck to be Adjutant.

*Argyllshire Volunteers.*

Captain Archibald Campbell, from the 2d battalion of the Breadalbane fencibles, to be Captain. Lachian M'Quarrie, to be First Lieutenant. John M'Kinnon, to be Second Lieutenant.

*Mauchlin Volunteers.*

Ensign Andrew Hair, from the West Lowland fencibles, to be First Lieutenant.

*Moffat Volunteers.*

Captain James Johnston to be Captain Commandant. Lieutenant Walter Johnston to be Captain, vice James Johnston. John Copeland, to be Lieutenant, vice William Johnston.——— Anderson, to be Lieutenant.

*Stircocke and Stanstill Volunteers.*

John Horne, Esq. to be Major-Commandant. Lieutenant James Macbeath, on half-pay of the Scotch brigade, to be Captain. John Gun, to be First Lieutenant. James Sandison, to be do. Marcus Bain, to be Second Lieutenant. Donald Horne, to be do.

*Ulister Volunteers.*

David Brodie, Esq. to be Captain. Isaac Hodgson, to be First Lieutenant. Hugh Warden, to be Second Lieutenant.

London

*JUNE 15.*

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

The following circular letter has been transmitted by the Right Hon. Henry Dundas to the Commanders of all the Volunteer Corps in London and its vicinity:

SIR, *Downing Street, June 10. 1799.*

The very great satisfaction his Majesty received from the military appearance and the truly commendable zeal of the Volunteer Corps that were assembled in Hyde Park on the morning of his Majesty's birth-day, has induced his Majesty to signify his wish to see the several bodies of Volunteer Corps associated within the metropolis, and its immediate vicinity, drawn out at the respective stations, which, under a general arrangement prepared for that purpose, they would be called upon to occupy, if (however contrary, I am happy to say, to every present appearance) circumstances should arise to require their active exertions in the defence of the invaluable objects for the maintenance and preservation of which these highly meritorious associations were first formed. I cannot doubt that it will be highly gratifying to yourself, and the corps under your command, to find, in this service, a fresh opportunity of manifesting your loyal attachment to his Majesty and the Constitution, and of acquiring a further title to his Majesty's approbation. I have therefore only to inform you, that his Majesty has fixed on Friday, the 21st instant, for this general inspection of the different corps at their respective posts; and that his Royal Highness the Commander in Chief will take an early opportunity of communicating to you the details of the arrangement to be made on that day, for the guidance of the corps under your command. I am, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

*To the Officer Commanding the ——— Volunteer Corps.* HENRY DUNDAS.

PARIS—June 8.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

SITTING OF JUNE 6.

Yesterday, the Council, in a public sitting, adopted, on the proposition of Boulay, the following order:

The Council of Five Hundred, on the report of several United Committes, orders that a message shall be sent to the Executive Directory to the following effect:

Citizen Directors, the French Government is instituted for securing the preservation and well-being of the people.

The Legislative Body and the Executive Directory form the two principal parts of this Government.—These two Authorities should understand one another, and ought to proceed in concert to attain the common object of their institution. Their means of correspondence are regulated by the Constitution, as well as the respective duties of the two Authorities.

Thus the Legislative Body makes laws, and the Directory execute them; thus the Directory is specially commissioned to provide according to these laws, for the interior and exterior safety of the Republic.

As to the external safety, the Directory is specially placed by the Constitution as a sort of advanced guard, as the first centinel to observe the designs and the movements of other people, and when they perceive that they endanger the existence, or the just rights of the nation, they may alone act provisionally for its security; but they ought in this case to advise the Legislative Body without delay, who will thereupon adopt the measures which it may think most agreeable to the preservation and dignity of the people whom they represent.

Citizen Directors, every thing announces that the safety of the nation from without is threatened, and that the interior tranquillity may be involved in it.

From without we have to sustain a violent war; six months ago we were every where victorious: it appears now that the enemy has obtained some advantages over us.

The public voice announces that some powers who have hitherto taken no part, at least apparently, in the war, are against us in arms, and in a state of hostility, not only imminent, but real.

In these circumstances the Council of Five Hundred had reason to expect that the communications required by the Constitution would be made to them.

Citizens Directors, you are no doubt sensible that it does not consist with the dignity of the French people to assume a humiliating appearance towards other nations. They must therefore assume that attitude which nature, strength, courage, and industry, destine for it.

It is publicly notorious, that in several parts of the interior of the Republic, uneasiness, and even fermentation exists; and the causes are equally notorious. But before we adopt any measures on this head, the Council think it their duty to require from you information as far as you know, what are the causes, and what the means which you think most proper to put an end to the troubles that may arise from such cause.

In this situation of affairs, a longer silence on your part would give uneasiness to the people and Legislative Body.

We invite you, therefore, to give us, without delay, information as to this double object of our anxiety.

On the proposition of Francais, the Council adopted the plan of an address to the people, conceived in the following terms:

THE LEGISLATIVE BODY TO THE FRENCH PEOPLE.

Frenchmen, the moment is arrived when your representatives can no longer remain silent without being criminal; when to conceal their sentiments, would not only be a public misfortune, but a crime against the State, when to address the people is the most urgent and holy of our duties.—Liberty! which you have acquired at the price of so much blood, and of so many sacrifices, is again threatened, and our common country, so long triumphant, is exposed to new dangers. Two months have hardly elapsed between Italy, a republic, and victorious under our banners, and the same country attacked by a savage conqueror.

The ambitious and bloody house of Austria, the English, those ingenious and perfidious partizans of all political crimes, have joined to their plans the Porte and Russia, and by a monstrous alliance they flatter themselves that they shall be able to divide among them the territory of France. It only remains for you to decide whether you will be free men or slaves—whether you will be Frenchmen or Austrians—whether you will preserve your own property, or become yourselves the property of a barbarous conqueror, who would chain you down to his estates, and force you to march under his standard.

A foreign power makes no distinction in the different opinions which divide you; he confounds you all in one indiscriminate hatred. It is enough that you are Frenchmen to be guilty—it is enough that you are industrious or rich to make him desirous of your spoils; and he who in the secret wish of a corrupted heart, calls for the aid of a foreign power, would see, if his wishes were gratified, what consequences would follow—his house burnt, his children killed by barbarians, whom he has had the folly to consider as his deliverers. The object of the new coalition is to revive in Europe the ancient barbarism, to destroy all knowledge, and all Republics; to remove from the face of the earth all the monuments and all the institutions which could call to our recollection great objects; to banish all liberal and generous sentiments from our hearts, to call back again into action all our prejudices and all our superstitions, and in the midst of this gloomy night, to aggrandize and strengthen two or three bloody thrones, to whom are attached an oppressive nobility, a ruinous feudal system, an inquisitorial treasury, and all the dreadful train of misery and slavery connected with these evils.

The assassination of our Plenipotentiaries, while negociating a peace, may shew what they would do when in hostility with a people. Would they who have never respected the laws of nations pay any respect to the rights of the people! This war, then, is the cause of all Frenchmen; and there is not one, whatever may be his political opinion, who must not lose every thing by an invasion, which would confound all in one general ruin and servitude.

Frenchmen who inhabit the Alps, and who have hastened to the defence of those bulwarks with which nature has been pleased to cover our country, throw from the summit of those mountains your ferocious enemies. The armies may have been surprised in Italy, but they have not been conquered. Directed by another minister, commanded by skilful generals, and reinforced with new warriors, with which they every day see their phalanxes increase, they will soon rescue the track of victory; but as the interior is the source which feeds and nourishes the army, it is that which must be animated and enlivened. May the friends of liberty, too long proscribed and pursued by the royalists, assume that appearance which becomes their virtues, and manifest the just pride of having served their country; may the purchasers of national demesnes become sensible that they have nothing to hope from the interference of a foreign power, and that all which has hitherto supported the Republic, still supports it; they judge what kings are preparing for them, by the swords which their troops wave over our heads.

Let those who are enlightened, inform their fellow-citizens; let those who are energetic, communicate to them a portion of their electric fire; let him who has strength come forward to defend them; him who has riches, to assist them. It is in this general display of our moral and physical faculties that the enemy should recognise the French people. Let all those who are destined by law to march to the frontiers obey the commands; let the cowardly be pursued, the taxes be paid, the Royalists be well watched, the disturbers of the public peace be restrained, the assassins be arrested and punished, and let Government be assisted, not only with the means which duty commands, but also with all those which zeal can suggest.

It is in vain that odium is attempted to be thrown upon pure Republicans by the hackneyed and opprobrious epithets with which they are loaded. The legislative body cannot be deceived by all these manœuvres, which, by discouraging the Republicans, and increasing the courage of the Royalists, have several times endangered the Republic. The Legislative Body are not desirous of animating the revolutionary passions, but of exerting all the liberal and generous affections, and of making liberty, not the patrimony of some, but the right of all Frenchmen.

It is the wish of your representatives that the law should be the right, as it is the duty of all, and that no one should either invoke it in vain, or violate it with impunity. You have seen this year with what religious respect all the choices which you have made have been respected by your representatives. Schisms, and all ambitious plots have vanished before the great principle which has every where made legal majorities triumph. Laws shall be made to prevent the ruinous consequences of these schisms.

Numerous complaints have been made against the conduct of several agents of the Directory, accused of delapidation and plunder, as well in the interior as among the allied Republics. The law will place the guilty under the hands of justice, and the Directory will drive away the cloud of vultures who follow the armies, and besiege all the avenues to power.

The responsibility of the Executive agents shall be organized; the accounts of the Ministers shall be solemnly published, and severely scrutinized; the most rigerous economy shall be introduced respecting the expenditure; the liberty of persons and of opinions shall be secured by severe laws; but the great means of administering and executing those laws is in the hands of the Directory, and as faithful observers of these laws we will never exceed the limits which our duty prescribes to us, as the Directory, on their part, shall never exceed their's. Tyranny begins where powers are invaded, or accumulate too greatly; the liberty of all, and the security of every one consists in the balance of those powers, and it is always to some causes which have deranged the balance, or which have prevented it from being established, that faults and reverses are to be attributed.

Frenchmen, the difficulties which surround us are great, but the courage of your representatives is greater. They can have no other fear than that of not fulfilling their duty—no other passion than that of seeing you free and triumphant—and they have vowed to save you or to perish, and they will keep their word.

STRASBURGH—JUNE 2.

A courier from the army of Massena arrived yesterday, informs us, that on the 11th (May 30) there was a battle of advanced posts. At his departure on the 12th (May 31), Massena was still at Zurich, and on the 13th (June 1) there was to be a general attack. Meanwhile, they were occupied in the commencement of the evacuation of, and the transport of the considerable magazines established at Zurich. The chosen corps of Basle had orders to repair to Zurich on the 13th (June 1).

We learn by the way of Germany, that the Austrian army which occupies the Grisons country is very strong. General Hotze is advanced with 9000 men by Ragaze, Sargans, and Wallenstadt, by the Togganbourg, towards St Gall.—General Hiller has marched with 7000 men by Pfeffers and Vettis, towards Glarus; and General Bellegarde was posted with 14,000 men between Hans, Flants, and Disentis, towards the Canton of Uri.

General St Cyr is certainly gone to Italy, where he will command a division. General Lefevre is likewise gone, and will be employed in the same army.

A courier arrived here yesterday, after mid-day from Zurich, from whence he departed in the night of the 12th or 13th (May 31, or June 1).

The dispatches brought by this courier state, that the army is concentrated upon the Glat, a small river two leagues in advance from Zurich, and the advanced guard posted between the Glat and the Tos. The enemy is entrenched on the right bank of the Tos.

The Court of Vienna has signified to the Elector of Mayence, that he must take the reins of Government from Baron Albini, his First Minister. This intimation is made in a tone which Sovereigns do not generally use to their subordinates.

The Commune of Soudan is put in a state of siege.

Letters from the Hague of the 13th Prairial (June 1) state, that many petitions have been presented from the Citizens of Amsterdam, &c. to the Legislative Body, representing the danger of sending the Patriots to the frontiers, and saying that the Aristocrates and the partizans of the Stadtholder will seize the opportunity of overturning the Government, and of making common cause with the external enemies. These petitions, filled with objection against several decrees of the Legislative Body, were conceived in terms which the Chamber thought insolent and unjust. They concluded by rejecting any deliberation upon them, and sent the petitions to the Executive Directory, to find out the persons who had signed them.

ARMY OF THE DANUBE.

Head-Quartees, Zurich, June 3.

MASSENA, General in Chief to the EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY of the French Republic.

CITIZENS DIRECTORS,

The enemy attacked me yesterday in force on my right; conceiving this movement a pressage to a general attack, the next day I made, in consequence, all my dispositions to receive it. As I conjectured, the enemy commenced at day-break this morning an attack on my whole line. After several hours contest its principal strength and efforts were directed on my right against the division commanded by General Soult. I was there in person. The enemy were desirous to possess themselves of all the positions which cover Zurich. They advanced with great rapidity to the villages of Vittikon, Zolikon, and Reisbach; they were carried several times, and were as often retaken by our troops, at the point of the bayonet.—The enemy resumed his attacks with constantly increasing boldness. I then made a general movement on the whole line, and charged them on all points. It was about five in the evening. The enemy sustained our shock with obstinacy, and it was not until within an hour of night that he yielded to us the field of battle, and withdrew from our positions, which have been, consequently, occupied by our troops.

We have made about 500 prisoners; the loss of the enemy in killed and wounded is very considerable. This may be easily conjectured, Citizens Directors, from the length of the action, and the eagerness with which they exposed themselves to our fire. We have to regret 500 in killed, wounded, and taken prisoners. I cannot sufficiently commend General Soult for his judicious dispositions. He has conducted himself with a degree of coolness and courage to be rarely met with. All the troops have done their duty; but I must make particular mention of the zeal and energy displayed by the superior officers, and those of the Staff, in leading our soldiers on to the enemy. The General of Division, Cherin, is very desperately wounded by a musket shot. The reputation for bravery of this distinguished officer is made. The whole army regrets, with me, that his wounds deprive us of his services; we hope it may not snatch him from his country. Adjutant-General Debilly is also wounded. Since the 13th of May, a day has not passed in which the army has not been engaged in general or partial engagements, either offensively or defensively. Health and respect, MASSENA.

P. S. I informed you, in my dispatches of yesterday, that the General Lecombe had made 1500 prisoners. I have this instant received a letter from him, in which he states them to amount to 2000; he hopes, besides, to take the entire battalion of Kinsky, which has thrown itself into a narrow defile, from which there is no egress but by the Glaciers; the number of prisoners in that event would amount to 3000. He now occupies positions at Wesen and Geschienen.

Head-quarters, Zurich, 16th Prairial (June 4)

MASSENA TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTORY.

Citizens Directors,

The enemy again gave us battle this morning at day-break. They had received reinforcements for opposing us with fresh troops, and in superior numbers to the attack of yesterday.—The enemy advanced with impetuosity against all my positions throughout the whole extent of my line. In their front were fifty cannon; they were every where received with intrepidity I attacked; the resistance was obstinate, but their efforts were vain. They were compelled to yield to the bravery and courage of our soldiers. Never was any contest more bloody; the field of battle was strewed with the slain. The fight raged with the same violence and fury till night.

We made about 1200 prisoners, among whom were many officers taken in the midst of the ranks. Their loss in killed and wounded must be at least 3000 men. Ours amounts to about 500. General Humbert was slightly wounded by a ball.

The reports of the prisoners and deserters agree, that the Prince Charles had the direction of this affair. That General Hotze has been dangerously wounded, and that another General, whose name was not known, was killed on the right wing of the army, where the enemy had concentrated their forces, and where I command in person.

All our troops have performed prodigies of valour, and have a thousand times braved death; they were set the example by their Generals and officers of all ranks. I have appointed on the field of battle Citizen Brunel, Chief of the 25th demi-brigade to be General of Brigade, and Citizens Burthe and Soulet, the former my Aid-de-camp, and the latter the Aid-de-camp of General Soult, his brother, to the rank of Captains of cavalry and Chiefs of squadrons. I request you, Citizens Directors, to confirm this nomination, as well as that of the officers who have this day distinguished themselves, and whom I intend to promote.

I am preparing to occupy a position upon the chain of mountains from the Albis, extending my left to the Rhine, and my right to the Lake of Zug. I satisfied myself that that of the Limmal was no longer tenable. Health and respect!

MASSENA.

P. S.—I have just heard that Gen. Oudinot, Commander of the third division, has been wounded.

By a letter of the 18th, Gen. Massena states, that he has taken a position upon the mountains of Albis. This movement commenced at day-break, and continued till four in the afternoon, in sight of the enemy, who did not dare to interrupt it. In the affair of the 16th, the enemy had one General killed and three wounded.

GRENOBLE—June 5.

Copy of a second Address of the Citizens of Grenoble to the two Councils forming the Legislative Body, and to the Executive Directory.

LEGISLATORS and DIRECTORS,

In our first address we have called your attention to the evils of the country, to the traitors and dilapidators. Since then we have obtained facts of contradiction to the falsehoods and mis-statements of the guilty. We were occupied in publishing them with their proofs, when the success of the enemy forced us to consider of our personal defence, as it seemed we were abandoned even by ourselves.

This idea is more afflicting to our minds than the certainty of being overcome. Hasten to obviate our cruel doubts. Our forces increase an hundred fold, and if we must for a moment give ground, the enemy shall only penetrate through heaps of slain.—Already are they masters of Suze, by the retreat of General Ledoyon, who has retired to Mount Cenis.—Already have parties penetrated into the Novalaise, which confines Mount Blanc.—General Moreau remains with 10,000 men or more, to make head against an army of 40,000 men before him. All his communications are cut off by an equal number of armed rebels, whose ravages are the more to be feared as they are directed by fanaticism.

A courier expedited by this General, and who has only escaped by marches and counter marches, gives a true account of his position. It is such, that if it is not before 15 days uncovered by our army in Helvetia, or otherwise, it will be obliged to lay down its arms, being without provisions and artillery, and having lost all hope of being joined by the army of Naples, the divisions of Rome, and those of Tuscany.

These are facts; they are positive. We may also add, and the truth of it is certain, that the citadel of Milan has capitulated. Peschiera and Pizzighitone have surrendered to the enemy; and the department of the Maritime Alps, being in a state of insurrection, cut off all hopes of retreat from General Moreau. Thus there is no further obstacle to the invasion of the French Republic, since the forts, places, ports and positions of the five departments of Isere, Mont Blanc, Leman, Upper and Lower Alps, are nearly stripped of provisions, military stores, arms, artillery and soldiers, notwithstanding the precautions taken, in these respects, by the Administrations and the Generals of the Interior, whose zeal has been so recently blamed by the Minister of War, who did not then know the melancholy situation to which we are reduced. In truth, there are conscripts; but these new defenders not being disciplined, clothed, equipt, or armed, can oppose but a feeble resistance.

If, however, the Administrations and Generals of Interior had money at their disposal, they might yet provide for the most pressing wants. But without resources what can be undertaken, what can be done? Nothing but acts of despair.—You know that despair leads to the most dreadful catastrophes.—The wounded defenders who have arrived from the army; those who have been a long time in the interior, the conscripts, who commence their military career, and who happen to be sick, are left without succour, the hospitals being unprovided of every thing necessary for their comfort. All this together, without speaking of the agitation excited by the enemies of the interior, produces such a general despondency, that there is reason to fear an absolute disorganization will be shortly effected.

Legislators and Directors, all you whom we have not ceased to consider as the parents of the country, adopt them at length the necessary means to save it. Order every species of sacrifice; republicans, do not doubt it, are ready to acquiesce in them. Postpone all complaints and divisions; it is no time to be occupied with such things, when the enemy is at our gates.

This address was read in part, at the sitting of the 10th of June, in the Council of Five Hundred.

LONDON—June 17.

Government, by the Cormorant, have received dispatches from Lord St Vincent, dated off Toulon, on the 22d or 23d ult. by which it appears, that his Lordship on the 21st, chaced into that port nine Spanish ships of the line, six of which had sailed from Carthagena, and the remainder from Majorca. The British fleet at the above date comprised thirty-nine sail of the line.

On the 8th May, the fleet sailed from Tetuan Bay, on the Coast of Barbary, to Gibraltar, and on the 11th, then comprising 25 sail of the line, proceeded towards Carthagena; whither it was supposed the enemy's squadron had gone for the purpose of repairing the damage it had sustained during the gales which it encountered in the Streights. Lord St Vincent appeared off that port on the 13th, and while in that latitude was joined by the vessels under the orders of Admiral Duckworth. On the 17th May, the squadron commanded by Rear-Admiral Whitshed arrived at Gibraltar, and immediately proceeded to form a junction with the grand fleet, which he had effected previous to the 21st, but at what precise time we have not learned.

On the 19th the Spaniards, availing themselves of the absence of our fleet, sailed from Cadiz, and on the same day passed Gibraltar. Their force, consisting of 19 sail of the line, and several small vessels. On the evening of the 20th, they were seen eight leagues to the south-west of Cape de Gatt, then standing for the north-east. Minorca is supposed to be their place of destination.

On the 4th of June, Admiral Sir A. Gardner was off Cape Finisterre, with 17 sail of the line. He was apprized of the sailing of the Cadiz fleet, and as the wind was then most favourable, he probably reached

...on the 5th or 6th. The information which the ga... Admiral would receive there must have governed his further operations.

The failing of so large a portion of the enemy's fleet from Cadiz will render an inconsiderable squadron sufficient to maintain the blockade of that port; and as Lord St Vincent, without further reinforcement, is fully competent to cope with the combined fleet off Toulon, should it venture from thence, we hope shortly to learn that Admiral Gardner has found himself at liberty to pursue the Spanish Admiral into the Mediterranean.

The importance of the subject, our sense of duty demanding every document upon which public opinion can be formed, and the difficulty we feel to decide between accounts, both of which come from authorities of high respectability, induce us to add the following statement.

The Cormorant, of 20 guns, Lord Mark Kerr, arrived yesterday at Portsmouth, left Minorca the 3d of May, and brings intelligence that the French fleet, of 18 sail of the line, and six frigates, passed Gibraltar the 5th May; six days after (on the 11th) Lord St Vincent, with 17 sail of the line and two store-ships, sailed from the Rock in pursuit of them. On the 19th, the Spanish fleet from Cadiz, consisting of 19 sail of the line and 3 frigates passed the gut; shortly after which, on that day, Admiral Whitshed, in the Queen Charlotte, of 100 guns; with the Bellona, Captain, and Defiance, of 74 guns; Repulse, of 64; and Phœnix, of 36, arrived a Gibraltar, and immediately followed the Spaniards up the Mediterranean.

On the 4th of June, the Cormorant, off Cape Finisterre, communicated all these particulars to Sir A. Gardner, who, with 16 ships of the line, and four frigates, proceeded on their course under a press of sail.

The Cormorant spoke, we believe, in the Mediterranean, with the Cameleon brig of 18 guns.

Lord St Vincent, when joined by Admirals Gardner, Whitshed, Sir Sydney Smith, &c. will have under his command, 3 ships of 100 guns and upwards—10 ditto of 90 and 98—7 ditto of 80—35 ditto of 78 and 74—3 ditto of 68 and 64—15 Russian, Turkish, and Portugese ships of the line of different rates—Total 73 sail of the line.

The strength of the fleets which the enemy have in the Mediterranean may be thus estimated:—

The Brest fleet which entered Toulon, and which the French papers state to consist of, 25—Spanish ships from Carthagena and Majorca, in the same port, nine—Previously in Toulon, mostly old Venetian and other crazy ships, 12—At Malta, two—Cadiz fleet, 20—Total, of the line, 68.

The Brest fleet, after remaining a short time at Toulon, is said to have sailed from thence and to have landed 16,000 men at Leghorn to join Macdonald. But the manner in which this intelligence is given, renders it, if not unworthy of belief, at least liable to doubt: It is mentioned in a short paragraph in the Paris paper of the 10th; but it bears no official shape, and is neither confirmed nor contradicted, nor even alluded to in the papers of the three subsequent days.

General Stewart who came passenger in the Cormorant sloop of war from the Mediterranean, was, we are told, sent for home as soon as he had accomplished the capture of Minorca, in order to be employed on another service; and he was actually in a state of readiness to obey the order some time ago, when, by the disasters which occurred to his Neapolitan Majesty, Lord Nelson wrote to him from Palermo to come immediately to the protection of Sicily, which was threatened with insurrection. Instead of coming home, he instantly went with two regiments to the succour of that unfortunate family, and arrived in time to support the royal authority in that island. That service performed, he has returned to England. We have good reason to believe, that in the present interesting and critical state of affairs in the East Indies, he is going to take the command of his Majesty's forces there.

The next advices from the East Indies will bring decisive intelligence respecting the sentiments and conduct of Tippoo. It was demanded that he should follow the example of the Nizam, and dismiss the French officers in his service. His reply was evasive—a positive answer was defired in twenty days. When the last express left India, that answer had not been received.

Very active measures were taking by Lord Mornington to act with vigour and promptitude, in case that reply should be unsatisfactory. The first offensive operation will be to seize the port of Mangalore on the Malabar coast, and thus to cut of the principal means by which the French could correspond with Tippoo by sea.

Lord Bridport, with part of his fleet, is arrived at Plymouth, and the remainder are by this time in the Channel; no farther apprehensions for the safety of Ireland being now entertained.

Still victorious in Italy, the allies have made themselves masters of the city of Turin, which appears to have fallen an easy prey without an effort, which, probably, would have been ineffectual to save it, on the part of Moreau. The Citadel, however, holds out; of this event the Paris papers to the 14th inst. which we received this morning, give no details.

One of the Paris papers of the 9th gives the following letter, which it states to have been written by Moreau, General in Chief, to General Muller, commanding the 7th division at Grenoble:—

"CONI.

"I have been enabled to disengage the army of Naples; to the 28th of Floreal I forced the enemy to act against me; it is a good operation, for the army of Naples, 40,000 strong, will have time to collect, and to beat the enemy."

The only intelligence respecting Buonaparte is contained in a Paris paper of the 16th, which states, that after being beat by the Pachas of Jerusalem and Damascus, he returned suddenly to the walls of St Jean D'Acre, gave the Pachas a signal defeat, and took possession of the city.

The most active preparations are making for the intended expedition, supposed to be destined for the Low Countries. General Sir Ralph Abercromby has been recalled from Scotland, for the purpose, it is asserted, of being appointed to this important command.

In addition to the five sixty-fours mentioned formerly to be equipping for the carriage of troops, the Nassau, Standard, Stately, Delft, and Wassenaer, of the same class, are ordered to be immediately prepared in the Medway for the like service.

PLYMOUTH-DOCK—June 15.

Arrived the Childers sloop of 16 guns, J. C. Crawford, Commander, from the Mediterranean, with dispatches from Lord Keith. His Secretary is arrived in her, and set off for London this morning, with the Captain of the Childers, in a coach and four.

We have this morning received a letter from the Mars, of 74 guns, dated off the isle of Rhe on the 9th inst. by this we learn, that part of the Channel fleet has been detached to block up the Spanish squadron in Basques bay, between Rochfort and Rochelle.—The enemy's force consists of five sail of the line, and one frigate. On the 9th they were at anchor close to the isle of Aix, by the fort of which they were in a degree covered. One of them is a three-decker, and has an Admiral's flag on board.

Our force is not mentioned; it comprises, however, four sail of the line, the Urania, and another frigate.

Several ships of the line are said to be in readiness for sea at Brest—their supposed destination Ireland. They will, it is supposed, be joined by the Spanish squadron which lately arrived at Rochelle from Ferrol.

The Russian squadron under the command of Admiral Tate, consisting of four sail of the line and a 40 gun frigate, sailed from Yarmouth on Thursday to join the fleet now off the Texel. The Agamemnon of 64 guns, has also sailed to join the fleet.

Lord Duncan, in the Kent, will sail on Wednesday next from Yarmouth, to resume the command of the fleet off the Texel.

Twenty-two vessels, most of them neutral, were during the week, sent into Yarmouth by the North Sea squadron.

A mail arrived this morning from the Leeward Islands. We have seen letters from Tortola of the 7th of May, from Barbadoes of the 23d, and from Antigua of the 31st April, but their contents were wholly uninteresting. The mail was brought by the Carteret packet to Falmouth, our letter from whence states her to have been 43 days on her passage; but either this or our Tortola correspondent errs.

*CORN EXCHANGE, LONDON*, June 17.

As the supply of fine English Wheat this day was but small, the sale revived, and that description advanced 1s. per quarter; but middling and inferior qualities are still very dull.

Barley and Malt continue much as last noted, with a heavy trade.

The King of Prussia having permitted such vessels to proceed to sea as were laden before the prohibition of the export, a pretty many Oats have dropped in, which have caused a dull sale, but prices are nearly supported; and, as but few more can now be expected, we are rather looking forwards to a revival in prices.

Tick Beans are brisk, and 1s. per quarter dearer.

Fine Red and White Clover and Trefoil are in demand, other sorts rather flat.

| | s | s | d | | s | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| English Wheat, | 56 | 60 | 0 | Malt, | 40 | 44 | 0 |
| Essex, | 62 | 66 | 0 | Fine, | — | — | — |
| Barley, | 32 | 34 | 6 | Oats, | 31 | 34 | 0 |
| Suffolk, | — | 35 | 0 | Mealing, | 33 | 37 | 0 |
| Fine Flour | 48 | 50 | 0 | Fine, | — | — | — |

—*STOCKS*—

This day, (June 17,) at twelve o'clock, 3 *per cent. con.* 59 60—*Omnium* 4¼ ½

# Caledonian Mercury.

*EDINBURGH—JUNE 20.*

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—June 17.

On the motion of Mr SYLVESTER DUGLAS, it was ordered, that the House should resolve itself into a Committee on the Scotch distilleries.

Mr PITT gave notice of a bill for preventing unlawful combinations among journeymen of all descriptions in the northern counties.

Paris papers have been received down to the date of Friday last. The intelligence they contain, as will be seen by a reference to the extracts, is extremely important. Massena continues his retrogade *victories*, by which he has *manœuvred* the army of the Archduke Charles into possession of a great part of Switzerland, having withdrawn his own head-quarters to Arau! Turin, in Piedmont, is evacuated (except its citadel) by the French. Macdonald has not been enabled to form a junction with Moreau: and this latter General is represented in an official article addressed to the Directory from the constituted authorities of Grenoble, as in an almost desperate state opposed with only 10,000 men to an army of 40,000, and surrounded by insurrections which threaten to prevent his retreat; so that unless he receives succours in 15 days his army will be obliged to lay down their arms.

Not the least interesting article in these papers is a message, not from the Directory to the Council of Five Hundred, but from the Council to the Directory, full of strong language, on the present state of affairs, from which it appears, that the country, externally and internally, is considered in danger.

The Council, moreover, has published a second Address to the nation, in which the Directory is spoken of in high terms of implied disapprobation; the Council exhorting the people, by their energy and patriotism, to rescue the country from its humbled state, and vindicate the cause of liberty, for which they have struggled so many years.

Under the head LONDON, our readers will find the details of all the information received relative to the fleets in the Mediterranean.

The French papers state, that the Spanish fleet which has sailed from Cadiz, consists of five ships of 112 guns each—one of 84—eleven of 74—four frigates of 36—and three brigs.—The whole under the command of Admiral MAZAREDO.

By letters from Portsmouth, we understand the East India fleet was expected to sail as last Tuesday.

Yesterday CLAUD J. BOSWELL, Esq. Advocate, Sheriff of Fife and Kinross, presented to the Court of Session, a letter from his Majesty appointing him one of the Judges of that Court in room of the deceased Lord MONBODDO.

We mentioned formerly SHADRACH MOYES, Esq. was to be appointed Commissioner of the Customs, in the room of the late Mr EDGAR.—We have the pleasure to add, that we understand MAURICE WEST, Esq. is to succeed Mr MOYES as Secretary, Mr JONES succeeds Mr WEST as first Clerk, and the other Gentlemen are to rise in seniority.—This arrangement does great honour to Government, and is a great encouragement to Gentlemen employed in the official line.

Monday the Lammas Term commenced in the Court of Exchequer.

The Martin sloop of war, Captain ST CLAIR, sailed from Leith Roads on Saturday afternoon, and on Sunday morning arrived the Wrights armed vessel, with a large fleet from Shields bound to the Baltic.

The Lanarkshire, Ayrshire, and Dumfriesshire militia, form the camp at Dunbar. There is no other encampment in Scotland this season.

Monday, the Collector at Port Dundas fined the master of a vessel in ten shillings, for lending his boat to a party to sail upon the Canal on the Sabbath day.

MARRIED.

On the 12th of December last, at Calcutta, Sir GEORGE ALEXANDER LEITH, Bart. Brigade Major of the King's troops in Bengal, to Miss ALBINA VAUGHAN, youngest daughter of Thomas Vaughan, Esq.

At Monreith, on Tuesday the 11th inst. WILLIAM MURRAY, Esq. younger of Touchadam, to Miss MAXWELL, eldest daughter of Sir William Maxwell of Monreith.

Monday, at Muirend, in the neighbourhood of Glasgow, Mr ALEXANDER BEGG, merchant, to Miss JANET MANN, daughter of the deceased Robert Mann, Esq. late one of the Magistrates of this city.

At Edinburgh, 13th inst. Mr DAVID SMITH, merchant, Main Point, to Miss RACHEL STORIE, daughter of Mr John Storie, merchant, Edinburgh.

At Edinburgh, on Thursday the 13th inst. Mr CHARLES BROUGHTON, writer to the signet, to Miss HELEN PEAT, daughter of Mr John Peat, writer in Edinburgh.

—DIED—

At Edinburgh, Miss HELEN MEINZIES, daughter of the deceased Thomas Meinzies of Lethem, Esq. on the 14th curt.

Miss PORTERFIELD, at her house in George's Square, on Tuesday the 11th.

At Leith, Mr JOHN MANSON, of the Customs, Leith, on the 3d current.

On Saturday the 15th current, at his house, near Peterhead, Doctor MAY of Cocklaw, late physician in London.

At the Manse of Balmaghie, on Saturday the 25th ult. Mrs HELEN RATTRAY, spouse to the Rev. Philip Morison, minister of that Parish.

At Culross Manse, on the 13th inst. Miss M. ROLLAND, only daughter of the Rev. Mr Rolland.

On the 15th March last, at Kingston in Jamaica, at an advanced age, and after a residence of upwards of fifty years in that island, JOHN GRAHAM, Esq. universally respected and regretted.

At Edinburgh, upon the evening of Saturday the 15th current, Miss MARY STEUART WALLACE, eldest daughter of Alexander Wallace, banker.

SCOTS MILITIA.

The bill for amending the Scots militia act now before Parliament, states, that the former age being too limited, persons are now to be balloted for from the age of 19 to 30. All persons serving in volunteer corps are to be exempted from serving in the militia, either personally or by substitute. The amount of the penalties paid by persons ballotted for, to be applied, as far as they go, to find substitutes. Quakers, who have paid the penalty of ten pounds, shall, if their names are drawn a second time, on payment of a further penalty of five pounds, be for ever relieved from serving in the militia. No leave of absence to extend above 14 days from the date of the ballot. Schoolmasters, &c. allowances to be fixed by the Barons of Exchequer.

COURT OF SESSION.

On Tuesday the Court of Session decided a question brought at the instance of the Magistrates of Edinburgh against the Incorporation of Fleshers of said city, the fleshers of Dalkeith, Musselburgh, Gilmerton, Leith, and the whole environs of the city, relative to the payment of the custom on all bestial, &c. brought into the city.

The Court found, that the ordinary custom is exigible for all bestial, whether oxen, sheep, calves, or swine, &c. brought into the city of Edinburgh or the liberties thereof, whether for the purpose of being there bought or sold, or for the purpose of being slaughtered or consumed.

Counsel for the City, ARCH. CAMPBELL, Esq. junior, JAMES OSWALD, Esq. advocates; agent, ROB. HENDERSON, writer. For the Fleshers, CHA. HOPE, Esq. GEO. JOS. BELL, Esq. advocates; agent, JOHN PEAT.

THE KING'S PARK.

The public have an undoubted right to range at large through all grounds belonging to the King's Park. The advantage of having such extensive and healthy walks in the neighbourhood of this city, is too evident to require illustration, and too valuable to be relinquished. Of late, however, the styles which lead from one enclosure to another, have been raised so high, especially the upper division stone, that it is impossible without danger to scramble over them, and to ladies they are insurmountable barriers. This encroachment should be checked immediately, lest it be sanctioned by time, and ultimately construed into a right. The Lord Provost and Magistrates deserve much commendation for their attention to the rights of the community, and there is no doubt this invasion of their privileges needs only to be mentioned in order to procure redress.

Letter from Captain THOMAS ALEXANDER, of the ship Harmony, to his owners in Greenock, dated at sea, 3d May 1799, Madeira bearing S. by W. distant twelve leagues.

"I take the opportunity of the return of the Revolutionnaire frigate to inform you that your ships the Garthland, Favourite, Unity, and Recovery, are close by me and all well, as also the following ships belonging to Clyde,

| | |
|---|---|
| Turton, Ross | Lady Shaw Stewart, Service |
| Peggie, Tarbet | Brothers, Wyllie |
| Chance, Fairrie | Columbus, Fish |
| Lady Bruce, Grahame | Lucretia, Montgomery |
| Nelly & Peggy, M'Kellar | Elbe, M'Kirdy |
| Nancy, Walker | Britannia, M'Kellar. |

"We have had remarkably fine weather since we sailed, and the Commodore seems very attentive to the fleet."

We are informed that a convoy for the trade bound to Archangel, has been appointed to sail from Leith Roads in a few days from this date.

The estate of Newbie in Annandale was yesterday sold at 35,ccol. above 40 years purchase. It was bought by a Gentleman, formerly of this country, now settled at Liverpool.

Monday and Tuesday, the 65th regiment, marched from Dumbarton for Berwick. The polite behaviour of the officers of this corps during nine months residence there will be long remembered; and the orderly conduct of the non-commissioned officers and privates, chiefly young men, would have done honour to veterans; not a single complaint was heard.

The Officers of the Dumbartonshire Volunteers, at present in Ireland, have lately presented their Commanding Officer, Lieutenant-Colonel FRANCIS JAMES SCOTT (late Major to the 6th regiment of foot), with a handsome sword, accompanied with an address, expressive of their esteem and regard for him, not only as a commanding officer, but as a brother-soldier and friend; ascribing to his personal and indefatigable exertions the high disciplined state and exemplary good conduct of that corps, and assuring him of their happiness in serving with him on all occasions. Lieutenant-Colonel SCOTT's answer contains sentiments highly gratifying to the feelings of his officers.

Monday forenoon, a fire broke out in a brush-maker's work-house, in a close in Trongate, Glasgow, which was totally consumed, with the chief part of the stock therein. The premisses were insured in the Sun-Fire Office. The Magistrates, a party of the Nottinghamshire militia, and of the Royal Glasgow Volunteers, with the fire-engines, attended immediately upon the alarm being given. A number of thatched houses were in the vicinity; but, from the very prompt exertions of the firemen, soldiers, and inhabitants, these were fortunately preserved, though much damaged.

Previous to the departure last week, of the North York militia, from Glasgow, where they had been quartered for several months, the Lord Provost and Magistrates addressed the following card to Major DAWSON, the Commanding Officer:—

The Lord Provost and Magistrates of Glasgow cannot allow the regiment of the North York militia to leave this city, without expressing their hearty approbation of the good conduct and behaviour of the corps while quartered here. This they request Major DAWSON will communicate to the Officers and men of the regiment.

12th JUNE, 1799.

To which Major DAWSON sent the following answer:

MY LORD, Barracks, 12th June 1799.

I shall ever esteem it highly honourable to the North York regiment, to have received so distinguished a mark of approbation from your Lordship and the Magistrates of Glasgow. I shall be proud to communicate these sentiments to the corps, in whose name I beg leave to return thanks for the many flattering attentions we have received, during the time we have been quartered here.

I have the honour to be, &c.

G. DAWSON, Major,
North York Regiment.

To the Right Hon. the Lord Provost and Magistrates of the city of Glasgow.

TO THE

PRINTER OF THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

SIR, Bothwell, 15th June, 1799.

AMONG the valuable communications conveyed to the Public, by the CALEDONIAN MERCURY, was the late copy of the judgment of the Sovereign upon the sentence of a General Court Martial in Edinburgh. I do not mean to make any observations on the objects of it, that would be highly indelicate. I would only beg leave to offer a remark, which, I doubt not, has been anticipated by most of your readers.—It is, what satisfaction must it give to the subjects of this kingdom, to observe in their gracious Sovereign, not only an assemblage of every great and princely virtue, but the most amiable condescension, the strictest attention to every thing which bespeaks his notice, descending to the price of the most minute article in the service.

The high standard of the character of a British officer is exhibited; every indulgence that justice or candour can require, is allowed; the line of honour and duty is fixed; the smallest deviation is distinctly marked: the excellent regulations preventive of all errors, which, in some measure, seem to have been forgotten, are called to remembrance and announced—that no account can be sustained, unless the officer has made the fullest investigation concerning it, and is persuaded and declares upon the best grounds, "to be justly stated as to names, rates, times, and payments."

From this specimen have we not reason to conclude, that the like scrutiny, but proportionate to the greatness of the subject, is employed in examining those mighty sums, in the faithful management of which, the welfare of the community is so essentially involved.

There is another character in this writ, too great to be omitted, the illustrious portrait of his Royal Highness Field Marshal the Commander in Chief; in whom is displayed a mind completely informed in whatever relates to the important post he holds; and a heart warmly interested that that trust shall be faithfully discharged by himself, and by every officer under his extensive influence.

Upon the whole, what a masterly piece of criticism is contained in this review. It cannot fail to have the best effect upon Courts Martial, already so highly respectable, and upon British officers, whose conduct is guarded by such wise laws, and under the eye of Majesty itself.

But the delightful sentiment which every considerate mind must feel from the perusal of these strictures is the distinguished felicity of this nation, blessed with a sovereign, who is the tender father of his people, the faithful guardian of their rights and liberties, whose solicitude descends to the minutest concern. It may be justly ranked with some of the celebrated decisions of Frederick III. But when to this there is joined the most engaging pattern of every virtue, daily recommended to all ranks, it may vie with a nobler hero, Alfred the Great.

Permit me, Sir, to add, that this humble tribute is not paid for Court favours. It is offered from a more powerful obligation, the heart-felt satisfaction that flows from inestimable blessings, which, with millions of my countrymen, I enjoy; blessings unparalleled in the world! At a time when these privileges are not prized by many as they ought, I flattered myself, that perhaps the reflection would have been touched by an abler hand. As this has not appeared, if you think these loose hints deserving a place in your paper, you will oblige, Sir, your constant reader,

A LOYAL SUBJECT.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

June 15. William and Tamar, Miller, from Dunbar, grain—Leith, M'Fie, from Greenock, goods.

—— 17. Success, Barron, from Dundee, grain—Bell and Ann, Abbey, from Eyemouth, ditto—Gilmerton, Lesslie, from Dunbar—James, M'Leod, from Stornaway—Dainty Davie, Stewart, from St Andrews—Russel, Sutherland, from Montrose—all goods.

—— 18. Betsey, Robertson, from Lerwick, goods—Hawk, Tod, from Anstruther, ditto—Mary, Cowan, from Liverpool, salt—Two Brothers, Cargill, from Arbroath, goods—Experiment, Arbuckle, from Greenock, ditto—Brothers Increase, Wiseman, from Banff, grain.

—— 19. Eagle, Millar, from Alemouth, grain—Charlotte, M'Laren, from Alloa, spirits—Fisher, Hewison, from Kirkwall, goods—Ten sloops with coals.

CLEARED OUT.

—— 19. Peggy, Robertson, for Glasgow—Dart, Bour, for Whitby—Kelso Packet, Moor, for London—Endeavour, Tod, for Perth—Success, Ord, for Glasgow—Eliza, Scotland, for Newry—Jean, Greig, for Glasgow—Elizabeth and Ann, Rey, for Montrose—Janet, Wishart, for Thurso—Coldstream Packet, Watson, for London—all goods.

Wind E moderate.


WATCH LOST.

Lost on Monday the 10th June, betwixt Wrights Houses Toll and Buccleugh Street, by the way of Brunsfield Links and Hope Park,

A METAL WATCH, with steel chain and ring seal, maker's name, *H. Batchelor*, London, No. 514. Any person who will restore it to Mr Stoddart, watch-maker, Hope Park End, will be handsomely rewarded.

HOUSE IN HANOVER STREET.

To be SOLD by auction, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 1st of July next, at two o'clock afternoon,

THE HOUSE No. 7. on the East Side of South Hanover Street, which belonged to, and was possessed by the deceased Mrs Forbes, being the second storey on the flat immediately above the shops, and entering from Rose Street.

The house contains four rooms and a kitchen, with closets, &c. and three cellars belonging to it. It is well finished, in good order, and insured in the Phœnix Fire Office.

The purchaser will obtain possession immediately after the roup, and may have the grates in the house, and a large water cistern in one of the cellars, at a valuation if agreeable.

The premises may be seen every lawful day, from twelve till two o'clock.

For further particulars apply to Mess. Campbell and Mac Whinnie, North Hanover Street.

*SEQUESTRATIONS, &c.*

Examination of ALEXANDER LESLIE, Farmer and Cattle-dealer in Miltown of Fornass, on the 3d and 19th July, at noon, in the Sheriff Court-house, Nairn.—Creditors to meet in —— Young's, vintner, Forres, on the 20th July, at noon.

—— ROBERT BURNS, Merchant and Grocer in Edinburgh, on the 2d July, at one P. M. in the Sheriff-Clerk's Office there.—Creditors to meet in John's Coffeehouse on the 3d July, at noon, to give instructions to the trustee.—Claims to be lodged before the 23d December.

—— HENRY COWAN, Butcher and Cattle-dealer in Ayr, on the 3d and 18th July, at noon, in the Sheriff Court-house there.—Creditors to meet in James M'Kenzie's, innkeeper, Ayr, on the 19th July, to give instructions to the trustee.—Claims to be lodged before the 18th January.

Creditors of JOHN M'MILLAN, Merchant in Ayr, to see states of his affairs, at Wm. Stewart's, jun. merchant there, the trustee, till the 24th June, at eleven A.M. when they will meet to receive their dividends, and give directions.

—— ALEXANDER LAUDER, Farmer and Cattle-dealer at Dron, to see states of his affairs with John Maclaggan, tenant, Castlehill of Baledgarno, the trustee, till the 27th July, at noon, when they will meet in William Gordon's, vintner, Dundee, to give directions.—No dividend.

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FARMS IN EAST LOTHIAN AND BERWICKSHIRE.

To be LET for 19 years from Whitsunday 1800,

DALGOWRIE, in the parish of, and three miles distant from Haddington, containing about 180 acres of arable ground, mostly inclosed.

UPPER BOLTON, in the parish of Bolton, and three miles from Haddington, containing about 230 acres of arable ground, well inclosed with hedges.

For 19 years from Whitsunday 1801,

WEDDERLY, in the county of Berwick, and parish of Westruther, containing above 1800 acres, 500 of which are arable, the rest pasture.

Proposals in writing for the above farms, may be addressed to the proprietor at Lennoxlove, by Haddington; or to Mess. Dundas and Robertson, clerks to the signet, Edinburgh.

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SALE OF VALUABLE ESTATES IN THE COUNTY OF FORFAR.

There are to be SOLD on Friday the 5th day of July 1799, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, between the hours of one and two afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATES of BALLINSHOE and CRAIGNATHRO', lying in the parishes of Kirrymuir and Forfar, together or in Lots.

The Lands of Ballinshoe, lie contiguous, and within two miles of Forfar and Kirrymuir. They consist of about 1400 acres of rich arable land, (800 of which are substantially inclosed and divided by stone dykes,) 200 acres of planting, and above 500 acres of pasture and moss. The moss affords not only an abundant supply of fuel to the estate, but also for sale. There is likewise in these lands a bed of shell marle easily wrought.

The Lands of Craignathro' lie in the vicinity of Forfar, and consist of about 300 acres of good arable land; they are inclosed and divided by good stone dykes. The farm houses on Craignathro', are lately built and slated. On these Lands there is an excellent free stone quarry and a quarry of most valuable slate.

The Lands of Craignathro' will be sold by themselves in one lot, and if the Lands of Ballinshoe, &c. are not sold in one lot, they will be exposed in the two following lots, viz.

LOT I. Comprehending those parts of the Lands of BALLINSHOE, lying to the eastward of the Public Road leading from Forfar to Kirrymuir.

LOT II. Comprehending the remaining parts of the Lands of Ballinshoe, and lying to the westward of the said road.

The present rent of Ballinshoe and Craignathro exclusive of the moss, marle, planting, and quarries, exceeds 1250 l. Sterling.—There are also a considerable number of Kains of different kinds.

The public burdens are very moderate, being only 15 bolls, 9 pecks, 3 lippies of Meal, 7 bolls of Bear, and 14l. 17s. 6d. 10-12ths Sterling. The whole of these lands are out of lease, or nearly so, and very great rises of rent may be depended on.

The Lands of Ballinshoe hold feu of the Earl of Strathmore for payment of 7l. 3s. 9d. 9-12ths Sterling, which is included in the amount of the public burdens above mentioned. The Lands of Craignathro' hold of the Crown, and are valued in the Cess Books at 233l. 6s. 8d. Scots. The Teinds of the Lands of Ballinshoe, &c. in the parish of Kirrymuir were valued in 1634, and they are nearly exhausted by the late augmentation given to the minister of the parish.

Those desirous of more particular information, or of purchasing the whole of the above Lands, or any of the Lots, by private bargain, between and the day of sale, may apply to Mr Greenhill, at Old Montrose, by Montrose.

Or, there will be SOLD,

The ESTATE of LINDERTIS, in the parish of Nether Airley, consisting of about 1300 acres of arable land, 800 acres in planting, and 140 acres of moss and muir, lying in the most agreeable part of Strathmore.

This is one of the completest properties offered to sale. The house is fit to accommodate a genteel family, and the offices are spacious and convenient. The place is laid out with great taste, and the planting is very thriving. The whole farm steadings are slated and in complete repair.

The lands are inclosed and subdivided; the present rent is only about 1200l. Sterling, but as some of the leases are expired, and the others not of long duration, the rise of rent must be great. The lands hold of the Crown, and the teinds were valued in 1630.

The house was furnished two years ago, and be be entered to immediately, either with or without the furniture. The parks around the house are also open to a purchaser.

Mess. Fothringham and Pearson, W. S. will inform as to further particulars regarding the estate of Lindertis, and will shew the title deeds of it, which are clear. Purchasers may apply to them, or to Mr Greenhill, either of whom have power to sell.

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By Adjournment.

SALE OF LANDS &c.

There will be exposed to public roup, within the house of Geo. Ronald, vintner in Aberdeen, upon Tuesday the 23d of July next, at one o'clock afternoon,

THE following Subjects, belonging to the sequestrated Estate of GEORGE LESLIE of Summerhill, viz.

The HOUSES and LANDS of SUMMERHILL and MARYVILLE, consisting of nearly 31 Scots acres, inclosed and subdivided into eleven fields, all in high heart and condition, having belts and hedge-rows round the parks of forest trees, now well advanced, and in a very thriving state. The house of Summerhill consists of two floors of four rooms, with a closet in each, and coomceiled rooms and garrets in the roof.—That of Maryville of two rooms and closet on the ground floor; and a large garret above, with a kitchen and other accommodations without, and complete sets of offices for domestic and farming purposes, both at Summerhill and Maryville. The whole substantially and neatly finished, and fit for the accommodation of two families. The gardens at Summerhill and Maryville are well stocked with various kinds of fruit trees and bushes; and the whole are situated within two miles of Aberdeen, having a south exposure, commanding an extensive and beautiful prospect of the town, harbour, and bay of Aberdeen, and the surrounding country.—Upset price of both L. 2200.

If not sold together, the house and lands of Summerhill, as divided from Maryville by the present road or avenue, which crosses the same from east to west on the north side of the offices of Summerhill, will be exposed in one lot.—Upset price L. 1300.

And the house and lands of Maryville, as bounded by said avenue on the south, will be exposed in another lot.—Upsset price L. 1000.

ALSO,

The Remainder of a LEASE from Mr Skene of Rubislaw, for Sixty Years after Martinmas 1799, of the town and land of KEPPLESTANE, lying within two miles of Aberdeen, and consisting of about 90 acres of arable and pasture land, of which a part is already limed and in good heart. Upon the farm there is a complete set of offices, lately built by Capt. Leslie, at great expence, and a Water Threshing-mill.—Upset price L. 700.

ALSO,

The Remainder of a LEASE from the heirs of Mr KEMP, which expires at Martinmas 1801, of NINE PARKS adjoining to Summerhill and Maryville, and presently in high heart; and on which there is a Dwelling-house and convenient set of offices.—Upset price L. 10.

The writs and leases are in the hands of Charles Bannerman, advocate in Aberdeen, who will inform as to other particulars; and the houses and grounds will be shewn on calling at Summerhill.

By Adjournment.

SALE OF THE LANDS AND ESTATE OF PORTLETHEN AND OTHERS,

*In the County of Kincardine;*

AND OF THE LANDS OF CLAYHILLS,

*In the County of Aberdeen.*

That upon Monday next the 24th of June, there will be SOLD by public roup (if not previously disposed of by private bargain) within the house of William Gordon, vintner in Aberdeen, at six o'clock in the evening,

THE Lands and Barony of PORTLETHEN, and part of the Lands of FINDON and COOKSTON, lying in the parish of Banchory Devenick, and county of Kincardine, in one Lot; and if no person appears to offer therefore, the said Lands will be immediately thereafter exposed to sale, in the following Lots:—

LOT I.—The lands and barony of Portlethen, mill, mill land, multures, and sequels, with the sea-port, and whole customs thereof, and the white fishings in the sea, adjacent to said lands; also the Superiority and Feu-duties of the lands of Balquharn and Clashfarquhar.

LOT II.—These parts of the lands of Findon and Cookston, called East Cookston, denominated lot 2d of said lands.

LOT II.—These parts of the said lands of Findon and Cookston, called sea town of Findon, denominated lot 9th of said lands.

LOT IV.—The lands called CLAYHILLS, comprehending croft of Clayhills, Elfhillock, Clayhills croft, two rigs or crofts of land of Clayhills, and Cuttings, all lying in the parish of Old Machar, and county of Aberdeen.

The lands of Portlethen hold of the crown, and afford a Freehold Qualification.—The lands of Findon and Cookston hold feu of Gordon's Hospital, for payment of an elusory feu-duty, without any other casualty. On lots 1st and 3d are two very thriving and populous fishing towns. The new turnpike road, from Aberdeen to Stonehaven, runs through part of lot 2d; and the whole of lot 1st, 2d, and 3d, are about equal distances from these towns.—Lot 4th holds altogether of the town of Aberdeen, except the Cuttings, which holds of the Marischal College, and is liable to no feu-duty—on this lot, a manufacture of pantyles and brick, has been long and successfully carried on, and from the improvements that will in all probability soon take place in the town of Aberdeen, may be very much extended; there is also a manufacture of black and brown stoneware, established and carried on with success, which being the only one in this country, may be also greatly extended; and the supply of clay for both is inexhaustible. The lands lye on the banks of the Dee, and the tide flowing up to them, gives an easy and cheap conveyance of all materials for the brick work, and pottery, and for shipping the manufacture. There is also a stream of water, with a considerable fall, which may be turned to very great account, and may be used very successfully for a distillery or brewery, for both of which there are several admirable situations communicating with the harbour.——On this lot are two very good dwelling houses, besides that possessed by the tacksman of the pottery, and a large stable, barn, and other offices, and a number of houses possessed by the servants at the work. The lands lie within a quarter of a mile of the town of Aberdeen, to which there are good roads, and easy access.

Lots 1st, 2d, and 3d, will be shown by Alex. Gerard at Cookston, and lot 4th by Francis Gerard at Clayhills.

The writs and articles of roup are in the hands of William Dingwall Fordyce, advocate in Aberdeen, to whom, or to John Morison, W. S. Edinburgh, persons desirous of rentals, or further information, are requested to apply.

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SALE OF LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN,

BY ADJOURNMENT,

*At the desire of persons intending to purchase.*

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 3d day of July next, betwixt the hours of one and two o'clock afternoon,

THE FOLLOWING VERY VALUABLE LANDS and ESTATES in the County of Haddington, viz.

The LANDS and ESTATE of FANTASSIE, LINTON, and HOUSTON, with the Miln of Linton, all as at present under lease to Mr George Rennie, with the Waulkmiln of Houston, possessed by Andrew Meikle, lying in the parish of Prestonkirk.

The Village of Linton is situated upon this Estate, a great part of which belongs to the proprietor. There is also a very fine Limestone Quarry upon these Lands, which Mr Rennie, the tacksman is entitled to work to a certain extent, and does work accordingly, affording an abundant supply of lime, not only for his own farm but also for sale; but the proprietor is also entitled to work if he so incline, either for sale or for manuring his other grounds.

These Lands are delightfully situated upon the banks of a river in the richest and most beautiful part in East Lothian, and on the great coast road from Edinburgh to London, between Haddington and Dunbar; and they are only about eighteen miles from Edinburgh, and six from Haddington. They contain about 473 acres of rich land, all in the highest state of cultivation, and produce wheat of the best quality.—There are also between 50 and 60 acres of Common belonging to this part of the estate, subject to certain servitudes of pasturage.

Also, the LANDS and ESTATE of EAST FORTOWN, and MYRESIDE, and the Lands called GOODFELLOWSLAND, lying in the parish of Athelstoneford, and at present possessed by John and James Howdens, consisting of about 675 acres, chiefly of rich infield ground.

These Lands are likewise very beautifully situated about five miles to the norsh-east of Haddington, in the heart of a rich and pleasant country; and are only about two miles distant from the above-mentioned lime quarries.

The tack duty of both the above properties, which at present only amounts to from 900l. to 1000l. per annum, consists chiefly of wheat, barley, and oats, but which, by the leases, are converted into money, and payable by the tenants, at the rate of the highest fiars in the county of Haddington.

Both of the above properties are situated in the heart of a coal country; and it is supposed that veins of coal may be found in each, but particularly in the lands of East Fortown, which are but a few miles distant from coal pits; and from their particular situation, were coal to be discovered in them, it would yield to the proprietor from 2000l. to 3000l. per annum, beside the rent of the lands.

The present rent of these properties is no rule by which to estimate their value, as the leases were obtained under particular circumstances, and for premiums paid by the tenants; but were the present leases expired, it is thought that these lands would yield at least thrice the present rent, independently of the chance of coal, and there are few estates more advantageously situated.

The farm-houses and offices are the property of the proprietor, and the tenants are bound to leave them in good repair.

Both properties hold of the Crown, and stand valued in the cess-books at 2196l. 18s. 4d. Scots. This valuation is calculated to afford five freehold qualifications within the county of Haddington.

The title-deeds, and plans of the estate, may be seen in the hands of James and Alexander Frasers, writers to the signet, to whom, or Alex. Shand, or Alex. Crombie, advocates in Aberdeen, application for further particulars may be made, and who will communicate rentals of the lands, and copies of the present leases.—The tenants on the respective farms will shew the grounds.

The Lands are to be exposed together, not in lots, as formerly proposed.

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SALE OF LANDS IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 3d day of July 1799, betwixt the hours of two and three o'clock afternoon, if not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THE Following Parts and Portions of the LANDS of ELRIG, lying in the parish of Slamannan, and shire of Stirling, viz.

The Lands of CROFTANDIE, GARDRUM, DARNRIG, CRAIGMAID, & LOCHBACK, with the privileges of Commonty belonging thereto, in the common muirs of Reddingrig, and Whitesiderig, and seat in the church of Slamannan, and whole other privileges and Pertinents of the said Lands, as the same are at present possessed by James Graham, Robert Martin, and William Marshal, tenants thereof.

These lands, which consist of upwards of 610 Scotch acres, are at present all out of lease, and as they lie within three miles of Falkirk, in a county abounding with coal and lime are very improveable, the rents not having been raised for many years.

They are held of a subject superior for payment of a small feu-duty, and the public burdens are inconsiderable.

For further particulars apply to Mr Balfour, writer to the signet, George's Square, or to Mr James Henderson, writer in Falkirk.

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THE SLOOP ALEXANDER, of Thurso,

A fine new Vessel,

D. MILLER Master,

Now at Leith taking in goods for North Uist and Dunvegan; will sail in a few days.—Apply to D. Maclaine, merchant, Cross, Edinburgh.

*June 18, 1799.*

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SALE OF THE LANDS OF KINNINMONTH,

ADJOURNED.

THE SALE of the LANDS of KINNINMONTH, lying in the barony of Slains, and county of Aberdeen, which was to have taken place on the 20th current, is ADJOURNED, at the request of intending offerers, to a future day, of which due notice will be given.—Meantime application may be made by persons desirous of information to the proprietor at Kinninmonth; Francis Gordon, advocate, Aberdeen; or William Gordon, writer to the signet, James's Square, Edinburgh

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ASHFIELD.

THE SALE of ASHFIELD, in Argyllshire, is adjourned until November, when it will proceed as formerly advertised.—Only those interested will observe, that the upset price will be L. 5218 16s. 8d.—and that there are only six years of the leases to run from Whitsunday last. The day of sale will be afterwards advertised.

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BISHOPTOWN.—PRICE REDUCED.

THE ESTATE of BISHOPTOWN, in the Shire of Renfrew, is to be exposed to sale by roup within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 3d day of July 1799, betwixt the hours of one and two afternoon.

The present free rent is above 500l. and upon expiry of some of the leases within a few years a very considerable addition may be expected.

The lands are bounded by the river Clyde on the north, and have a most delightful view of that river and the adjacent country, including the Castle of Dumbarton, and other beautiful objects. There is a good Mansionhouse from which these views are seen in perfection, and besides many other advantages, such as water carriage and cheap coals. The estate has the convenience of the mail coach betwixt Glasgow and Greenock, going through the heart of it every day.

For other particulars application may be made to Sir James Campbell, Port Glasgow, or James Ferrier, W. S. Edinburgh, either of whom will sell by private bargain before the day of sale

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ARGYLL-SHIRE—THE ESTATE OF CRAIGNISH,

By Adjournment,

*At Upset Price or Prices Greatly Reduced,*

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th July 1799, at two o'clock, P. M. in one or two lots, as intending purchasers may incline.

THIS PROPERTY situated in the parish of Craignish, consisting of between 1800 and 1900 acres, chiefly arable and green pasture, conform to survey and plan, if exposed in lots, will be divided as follows;—

LOT I. Farms of BARRACKAN, AUCHINARNICH, and GARTCHARRAN, presently rented about 334l, including the kelp shores, at the upset price of 8000l.

LOT II. The Farm of PENNYCASTLE, with the Islands; the Farm of AIRD, with the Ferry and Islands; the Farm of KIRKTON, with the Island Bowie, and the Pendicle of DUNVULIG, all presently rented about 282l. including the kelp shores, at the upset price of 7000l.

The lands are held of a subject superior, for payment of about 15l. of feu duty, except the lands of Kirkton, which hold of the Crown.

By a sub-valuation in 1631, the teinds are valued, and they are now nearly exhausted.

For soil and situation this estate possesses many advantages being upon the west coast immediately opposite, and within three miles of the west entry to the Crinian Canal. The Mansion house (to which there is an excellent carriage road from Inverary) is sufficient for the accommodation of a large family, and a complete Court of Offices was built some years ago.

On the farm of Pennycastle, subdivided and enclosed, there is a good deal of thriving planting. This makes a beautiful country residence, the country around affording great amusement in fishing and shooting, and the Castle of Craignish commands a fine view of the Sound of Jura, and the adjacent Hebrides.

The title-deeds, plan, and rental, will be seen by applying to Mr Keay, accountant, No. 59, Queen Street, who is empowered to treat by private bargain; or Mr James Campbell, W. S. Argyll Square.

The ground officer will shew the premisses.

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SALE OF LANDS AND PATRONAGES

In the Counties of Nairn and Inverness.

To be SOLD by Public Voluntary Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on the 20th day of November next, between the hours of two and three in the afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of GEDDES, commonly called *Easter Geddes*, lying within the parish and county of Nairn.

These lands are pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Nairn, and command a delightful prospect of the Moray Frith, and the opposite coast of Ross and Cromarty. They lie within three miles of the Royal Burgh of Nairn, where there is a good weekly market remarkably well supplied with fish and provisions of all kinds, on most reasonable terms.

The lands of Geddes are presently rented at about 220l. Ster. but on the expiry of the present leases they will rise nearly double. One of the principal farms is presently let on a lease of two lives, and as both the tenants are upwards of 70 years of age, access will be had to it in all probability within a few years, and double rent has already been offered for that possession.

The lands are well known to be of a rich fertile quality, and capable of producing every kind of grain. There is a young thriving Plantation on the property, upon which no value is put, and it has a right in common to some extensive muirs, which on a division might be planted or turned into pasture, with much advantage to the proprietor.

The public burdens affecting this property are comparatively small, and as the teinds are valued and the stipend of the parish lately augmented, any future augmentation will affect the proprietor of Geddes in a trifling degree.

The Lands hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament to the county of Nairn.

The LANDS of BROADLEY, HOWFORD, & TOMINDOUL, with the Miln thereof commonly called BROADLEY'S MILN, with an eighth part of the Grieshop Lands of the burgh of Nairn, together with the Crofts called SMITH'S CROFTS. These Lands also lie on the banks of the river Nairn, in the vicinity of the burgh of Nairn, and parish and county thereof. They are of a fertile kindly quality; and as the rent has not been raised these many years, and as manure of all kinds can be had upon easy terms from Nairn, a considerable rise of rent may be reasonably expected. The present rent is about 80 l. Sterling. The proprietor has right to the teinds, and the same have been valued. The whole of these lands hold feu of the town of Nairn for payment of 3l. 4s. 8d. Sterling of feu duty.

The LANDS of FLEEMINGTOUN, lying within the parish of Petty, and county of Inverness. This property is of a very considerable extent, and of a most improveable quality, having the command of inexhaustible mosses within itself, and there have lately been discovered some beds of marle.

It is situated in the near vicinity of the Garrison of Fort George, which always affords a ready and good market for the produce of the estate. The present rental is upwards of 320l. Sterling; but from the rapid progress of improvements in that part of the country, and the natural advantages which the Lands of Fleemingtoun possess, a very great additional rent may be looked for on the expiry of the present leases, all of which have only a few years to run. These lands hold of the Earl of Moray for payment of a yearly feu duty of 20l. Scots.

The proprietor has right to the teinds, and the same were valued some time ago.

The DONATION, PRESENTATION, and RIGHT OF PATRONAGE of the parish of Moy, lying within the Presbytery and County of Inverness. And also, an ALTERNATE Right of Presentation to the Parish of Croy, lying in the Presbytery and County of Nairn.

All these lands and patronages will be disposed of in one lot, or, if more agreeable to intending purchasers, in two or more as wished for.

The titles to these different properties are clear, and together with plans of the estates may be seen in the hands of Archibald Dunbar, W. S. who will also inform as to other particulars.

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AN ESTATE IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, (if not previously disposed of by private bargain) upon Friday the 20th of September next, within Adam's Hotel, Aberdeen, between the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and BARONY of MUIRESK, with a Farm at Greens, lying in the parishes of Turriff and Monquhitter, and county of Aberdeen.

This property consists of about 1400 acres, eligibly situated on the south bank of the river Deveron, adjoining to the post town of Turriff, and ten miles from Banff—a country as convenient for living and sporting as any in Scotland. The present rent is above L. 500. There is a tolerable House and Offices, which, at a small expence, would accommodate any family; a very good garden and some thriving plantations. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification.—The proprietor has a right to the teinds.

The terms of payment will be made convenient to a purchaser.

For further particulars apply to Thomas Smith, or Robert Dalrymple, writers in Edinburgh; Mr Charles Bannerman, advocate in Aberdeen, or the proprietor at Muiresk, who will conclude a private bargain before the day of sale.

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ESTATE IN EAST LOTHIAN FOR SALE.

THE ESTATE of ALDERSTONE, lying fifteen miles east of Edinburgh, and one west of Haddington, consisting of about 253 acres Scots measure, all well inclosed and subdivided. The lands hold of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the county, which will either be disposed of separately or along with the estate.

A Modern House, commanding a beautiful and extensive prospect, and fit to accommodate a large and genteel family, has been built within these few years. The first floor consists of dining and drawing rooms, each 27 feet by 19; a third room, 24 by 18; a fourth, 18 by 12; with a dressing closet adjoining, with two lobbies and stair cases. There are two bed-room storeys, containing five bed rooms each, with large dressing rooms to four of them on each storey. Adjoining to the house are two pavilions; one contains servants hall, kitchen, and larder—the other, dairy, laundry, and wash-house, with each three rooms above. There is a sunk passage, and range of cellars, and two rooms, under and from the main house to the pavilions.

The Garden, about seven years made, is well walled, and planted with fruit trees on both sides, and has a flued wall and vinery in the most flourishing state. The trees are all in full bearing, and of the choicest kinds. There is also an orchard, containing an English acre, planted about seven years since, with standards of the best sort of fruit trees.

There is a considerable quantity of valuable wood upon the estate, well disposed both for ornament and shelter. The proprietor has about 70 acres in his own hands, and the leases of what part is let expire six years after Whitsunday next, when a very considerable rise of rent may be depended upon. The estate is particularly we'l situated for good markets, of all kinds, and has the advantage of a London and Edinburgh post daily.

If not disposed of by private bargain before the 20th October next, the estate will then be exposed to public sale.

For further particulars apply to Archd. and John Tods, W.S.

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LANDS

WITHIN FOURTEEN MILES OF EDINBURGH

*FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN.*

A PART of the LANDS and BARONY of ALDERSTONE, lying in the parish of Mid-Calder, and on the north side of the turnpike road from West to Mid-Calder. The Lands to be disposed of, consist of nearly 400 acres of good arable ground, and upwards of 40 of planting. The situation is in every respect desirable, the road already mentioned forms the southern boundary of the property, and another public road bounds it on the north. Both these roads lead immediately into the great turnpike road to Edinburgh, and thereby afford an easy as well as expeditious communication with the City, from which, by means of the stage coaches, every article which the adjoiniug villages of Livingston and Mid-Calder do not afford, can be received every day. The water of Killen passes through part of the lands. There is an excellent Lime Quarry lately opened within a few hundred yards of them, from which any quantity of lime, either for building or improving, may be had at a very moderate rate, and a Coal is now working at little more than two miles distance.

There are a Mansion-house, Garden, Office-houses, and Dovecote upon the premisses. The house, though not modern, is in good repair, and can accommodate a pretty large family.

If more convenient for purchasers, the exposer will have no objection to dispose of the property in Lots.

LOT I.—The HOUSE, &c. and GROUNDS around the same, in the proprietor's natural possession, about 116 acres.—The wood upon this lot, exclusive of firs, was valued some time ago at L. 330.

II.—The FARMS presently possessed by James Ross and John Howieson, with the exception of two Parks of Ross's farm, immediately adjoining to the next lot, making about 114 acres.

III.—The FARM presently possessed by Robere Meikle, with the addition of two parks above noticed, making about 87 acres.

IV.—The LANDS on the west side of the road leading to Livingston from the Calder turnpike road, about 122 acres, 36 of which form a thriving plantation, 62 acres of the arable ground are in the proprietor's own hand, and the remaining 23 acres are under lease to Alexander Potter.

Ross's lease expires in three years after the present crop, and Meikle's in two years. A very considerable rise of rent will be got from these farms.—Howieson and Potter's pendicles are out of lease, the first in 1804, and the other in 1810.

The lands are held blench of a subject superior. The casualty due at the entry of a singular successor is taxed, and the teinds are heritably disponed, valued, and exhausted.

A considerable part of the price may remain upon the lands. Any person wishing to treat for the whole, or any of the lots, will apply to Mr Dunn, the proprietor, at Alderstone, or to Thomas Martin, No. 5. George Street, who is authorised to conclude a bargain.

The lands will be shewn by John Beveridge, overseer at Alderstone House.

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THE GENUINE DISTINGUISHED FROM COUNTERFEITS.

*By the King's Patent.*

MR R. JOHNSTON, Apothecary, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, aware of the depredations made on every Public Medicine of established repute and extensive sale, respectfully informs the Nobility, Gentry, and Public, he has obtained the King's Patent for his Invention, not to *recommend* but to *distinguish* WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE of MUSTARD from spurious imitations.

Five years have now elapsed since Mr Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary Medicine. During this short period its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has infinitely exceeded any former example. Comparatively, there are few families which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects; and with heartfelt satisfaction he has the happiness to declare WHITEHEAD'S ESSENCE of MUSTARD has cured more persons afflicted with *Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach* and other *Painful Maladies*, than all the medicines ever before made public. It has obtained the approbation of many eminent men of the Faculty, and honoured with the unsolicited support and recommendation of the first families in the kingdom.

As the bottles, boxes, labels, and bills of direction of this original medicine are closely copied, and the words "By Royal Authority," artfully substituted for the words "By the King's Patent," it may elude common observation: Mr Johnston therefore recommends the afflicted to be particular in the purchase.

Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, is prepared and sold, in Pills and in a fluid state, at 2s. 9d. each box or bottle, by the Inventor, R. Johnston, apothecary and chemist, No. 15. Greek Street, Soho, London. It is distinguished from counterfeits "By the King's Patent," and the signature "R. Johnston," in his own hand-writing, on each label; sold also by his appointment, by ANDREW SMITH, No. 38. North Bridge, Husband, Elder, and Co. R. Scott, apothecary, Wm. Raeburn, and T. Spence, Edinburgh; Phorson, Berwick; Allan, Dundee; Inglis and Dixson, Dumfries; M'Intosh & Co. Inverness; Craigie, Montrose; Cave, Banff; Mitchell, Aberdeen; Mennons and M'Donald, Glasgow.

*CHILBLAINS.*

N. B. The Fluid Essence immediately allays their tormenting itching, and will assuredly prevent them from breaking, even when turned quite black; and if used according to the directions, will absolutely cure them by three or four applications.